Monitoring and Analysis Plan for Aegis AGEN-75 CHP System at the 250 West 50th Street Manhattan, NY – Archstone Midtown

This document describes the measurements, sensors, and data logging equipment proposed to quantify the performance of the Aegis AGEN-75 based CHP system installed at Archstone Midtown (Figure 1). The CHP system consists of two Aegis AGEN-75 75kW engine generators systems that produce electricity and hot water for domestic hot water.

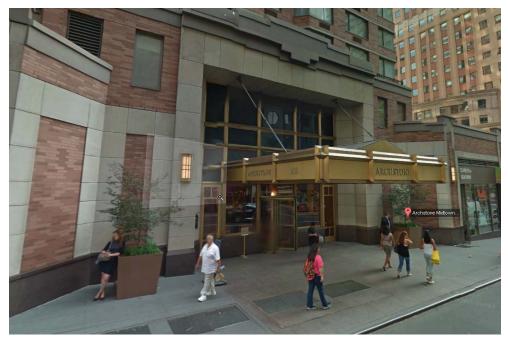


Figure 1. 250 W 50th Street – Archstone Midtown

Description of CHP System

The two 75-kW engine generators are located in the sub-cellar level of the building. Also located in the sub-cellar adjacent to the CHP units are three heat exchangers (HX) coupling the heat recovery loop to the low-rise, mid-rise, and high-rise domestic hot water systems, and a fourth HX connecting the heat recovery loop to an existing cooling tower circuit used as a dump radiator.



AGEN 75-kW Engine Generators



HX-4 Dump Radiator



HX-1, HX-2, HX-3 Low, Mid and High-rise DHW HX and Storage Tanks

Figure 2. Archstone Midtown CHP System

Description of Monitored Data Points

Table 1 lists the monitored points required to characterize the performance of the CHP system. Each point is accompanied by the respective sensor and engineering unit measured.

Table 1. Data Point List

No.	Data Point	Description	Units	Sensor	Output	Notes
1	WG1	Generator #1 Power/Energy	kW/kWh	Veris H8035-0800-3	Modbus	Provided and Installed by CDH Energy
2	WG2	Generator #2 Power/Energy	kW/kWh	Veris H8035-0800-3	Modbus	Provided and Installed by CDH Energy
3	FG	Generator Gas Use	CF	Utility pulse output	Pulse	10 CF/pulse
4	FL	Heat Recovery Loop Flowrate	GPM	Onicon F1110	4-20 mA	Read from BPL Modicon PLC
5	TLS	Heat Recovery Loop Supply Temperature	deg F	BPL RTD TT173	n/a	Read from BPL Modicon PLC
6	TLR1	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature Leaving Load HXs / Enter	deg F	BPL RTD TT174	n/a	Read from BPL Modicon PLC
7	TLR2	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature Leaving Dump HX	deg F	BPL RTD TT176	n/a	Read from BPL Modicon PLC

Power Meters (WG1, WG2, WPAR)

A power transducer measuring the gross engine electrical output is installed inside the each engine control compartment. These power transducers take the place of the power monitoring from the Beckwith protection relay performed by the BPL Global PLC. The generator power meters (**WG1**, **WG2**) are a Veris H8035-300, which provides a Modbus data connection to the data logger for continuous reporting of system power (kW) and accumulated produced energy (kWh).



CHP Unit #1

CHP Unit #2

Figure 3. Veris H8035-300 Power Meters Installed on Disconnect in Engine Control Cabinets

No parasitic power (**WPAR**) power transducer is installed. One time readings of the parasitic loads were performed at the time of data system commissioning.

Natural Gas Flow (FG)

The natural gas meter for the CHP system is located in the cellar level in a metering room. The CHP system gas consumption (FG) is read using a utility supplied pulse interface that provides a dry-contact switch closure for a fixed volume of gas at 10

CF/pulse. The gas meter pulse output uses a dedicated twisted pair signal wire back to data logger.



Figure 4. Utility Gas Pulse Output Demarcation

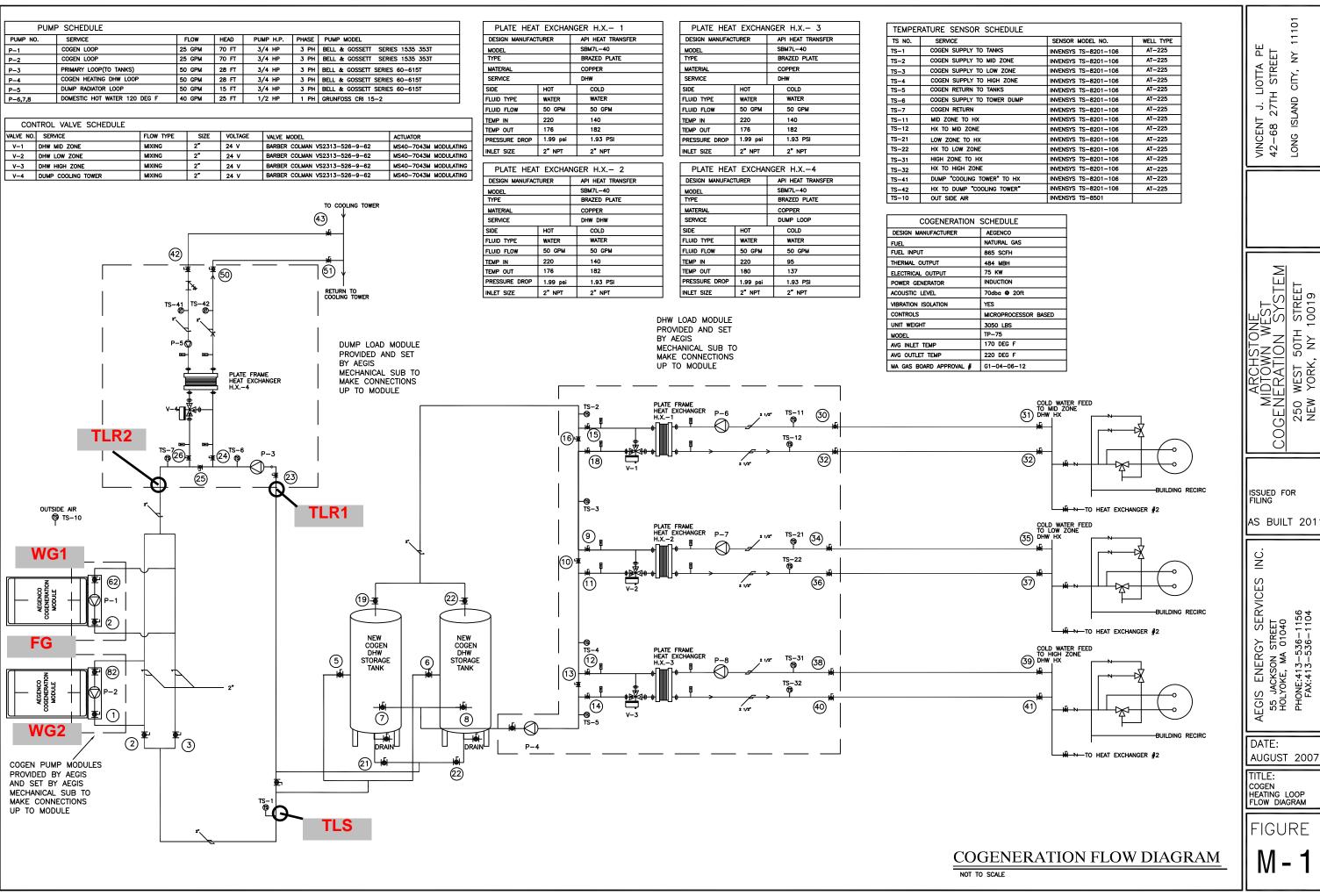
Heat Recovery Calculations (FL, TLS, TLR1, TLR2)

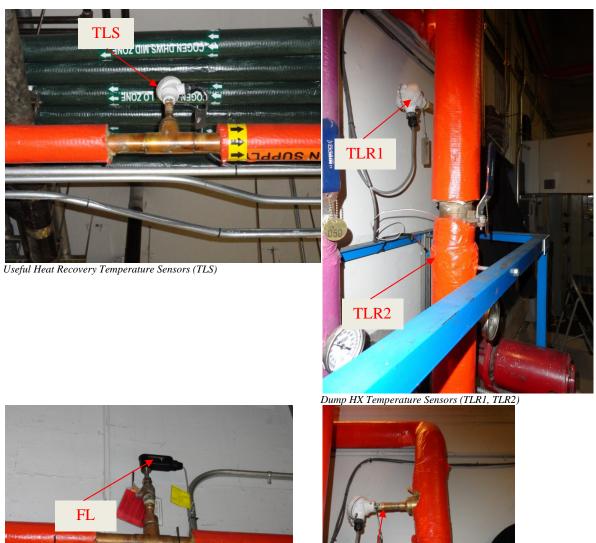
The recovered heat from the CHP system is measured using a single flow meter (**FL**), and a series of cascading temperature differences, allowing for multiple heat transfer streams to be calculated.

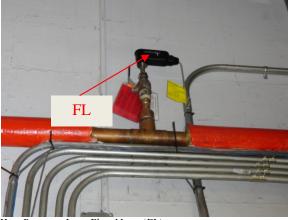
The flow meter output and temperature readings are all read by the BPL Global Modicon PLC (Modicon), and transferred via Modbus/TCP to the data logger every second. The data logger then averages the 1-second scan data and records 1-minute averages for flow and temperature readings, to be used for calculation of heat transfer offline. The Modicon is connected to the data logger via a CAT5e cable, through the router. Flow and temperature sensors are wired directly to the Modicon.

Temperature sensors **TLS** and **TLR1** are insertion style probes inside thermowell fittings. Temperature sensors **TLR2** is a surface mount probes installed after construction.

Locations of the thermal metering equipment are shown on the piping diagram in Figure 5.







Heat Recovery Loop Flow Meter (FL)

Figure 6. Heat Recovery Sensors



Dump HX Temperature Sensors (TLR1)

Data Logger Location and Communication

The data logger is an existing logger supplied by Constellation Energy, and has been repurposed for performance monitoring of the CHP system. The data logger communicates with the installed sensors via a mixture of Modbus RS-485, Modbus/TCP, and direct field point wiring.

To facilitate the use of the Modicon PLC using Modbus/TCP, a router was installed to create a local network that also could communicate with internet connection provided by Archstone. The Modbus communication loop was configured for the following Modbus slave address on each device.

WG1	Veris H8035-0300-3	5 (Modbus RS-485)
WG2	Veris H8035-0300-3	6 (Modbus RS-485)
FL	Onicon F-1110	
TLS	BPL RTD TT173	3
TLR1	BPL RTD TT174	(Modicon Modbus/TCP)
TLR2	BPL RTD TT176	
	(Note BPL RTD TT175 is unused)	
Note: Mo	odbus device 1 and 2 are Bewith relays at engine (no	ot used)

Table 2. Modbus Communication Loop Device Numbers

A diagram of the system communication configuration is shown in Figure 7.

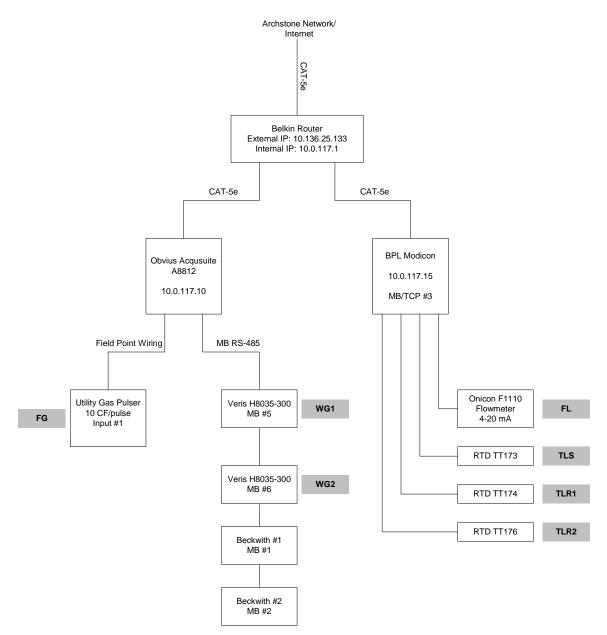


Figure 7. Datalogger Communication Configuration

Data Analysis

The collected data will be used to determine the net power output of the system as well as the fuel conversion efficiency (FCE).

Peak Demand or Peak kW

The peak electric output or demand for each power reading will be taken as the average kW in a 1-minute interval, or

Gross Power (WG1+WG2) kW = $\underline{kWh}_{\Delta t}$ = $\underline{kWh \text{ per interval}}_{1/60 \text{ h}}$

Heat Recovery Rates

The heat recovery rates will be calculated based on the 1-minute data recorded by the data logger. The piping arrangement at this site requires uses a cascading temperature difference on a common loop flow for separate heat transfer rates to be determined with four temperature sensors and one flow reading:

Useful heat recovery (**QHU**) = $K \cdot \Sigma [FL \cdot (TLS - TLR1)] / n$

Dumped heat recovery (**QHD**) = $K \cdot \Sigma [FL \cdot (TLR1 - TLR2)] / n$

The loop fluid is expected to be glycol water mixture, (K ~ 480 Btu/h-gpm-°F). 'n' is the number of scan intervals included in each recording interval (e.g., with 1-minute data, n=60).

Parasitic Loads

The parasitic electric loads on this system consists of eight circulation pumps. No parasitic power transducer is installed. Parasitic power for the system is based on the following relation, developed from one time handheld readings.

Parasitic Energy (**WPAR**) = 2.67 kW continuously

Calculated Quantities

The net power output from the CHP system will be defined as the power from the engine generators minus the parasitic power.

The fuel conversion efficiency of the CHP system, based on the lower heating value of the fuel, will be defined as:

$$FCE = \frac{QHU \cdot \Delta t + 3.412 \cdot (WG - WPAR)}{LHV_{gas} \cdot FG}$$

where:

QHU -	Useful heat recovery (Btu/h)
WG -	Engine generator gross output (kWh)
WPAR -	Parasitic energy (kWh)
FG -	Generator gas consumption (Std CF)
Δt -	1/60 for 1-minute data
LHV _{gas} -	Lower heating value for natural gas (~920 Btu per CF).

The FCE can be calculated for any time interval. When converting to daily, monthly, or annual values, each value is summed and then the following formula is applied:

$$FCE = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{N} QHU \cdot \Delta t + 3.412 \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{N} (WG - WPAR)}{LHV_{gas} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{N} FG}$$

Where N is equal to the number of intervals in the period of interest.

Data Logging Equipment

The data logging system will be based around the Obvius AquiSuite A8812 data logger. The logger has eight analog or digital inputs on the main board, and monitoring capabilities can be extended using expansion boards. The primary sensor connection configuration for the logger is a two-wire twisted pair network, that reduces the number of low voltage sensor wire runs. The logger has 32 MB of onboard RAM for data retention. The logger is equipped with both a 10/100 LAN port and an analog phone modem for remote data retrieval.



Obvius AcquiSuite Figure 8. Obvious AcquiSuite Data Logger



The data logger is configured to supply data to the CDH Energy servers, as well as to the Constellation Energy C-Power servers, every 15-minutes. The internet connection provided by Archstone is not configured to allow inbound connections to the data logger from the internet at large. CDH Energy is <u>not</u> able to access the logger for remote configuration purposes.

Each night CDH Energy collects the data provided and data are automatically loaded into the database system here at CDH Energy, where a number of automated data verification routines will identify any suspect data. Verification routines will consist of range checks, where the data are compared to a preset range of value, and data exceeding these values will be flagged; and/or relational checks, where the data are compared to the operational state of the unit for validity, such as "Are the engines consuming gas while producing power?" Data that fails the verification routines will be checked manually by CDH personnel on a daily basis, and corrupt data will be removed from the database.

All data collected are converted to hourly data in a comma delimited CSV format consistent with the requirements for inclusion into the NYSERDA integrated data system website.

All sensors are scanned on the order of once per second, and these samples will be combined into 1-minute averages (for analog data) and totals (for digital data). The logger has sufficient memory to hold up to 30-days of data without overwriting the logger memory.

All data logging equipment is installed in or at the Connected Energy/BPL Global enclosure mounted inside the sub-cellar mechanical room, adjacent to the engine generator.

Other Monitoring Requirements and Issues

The data logger itself is provided by Constellation Energy. Any failure of the logger will be directed to NYSERDA and Constellation within 48-hours of detection.

The Modicon PLC is provided by BPL Global. If the Modicon fails, the flow meter can be wired directly on the data logger inputs, but the temperature sensors will need to be replaced with thermistors compatible with the Obvius datalogger. Existing wire pulls for the temperature sensors can be reused.

CDH Energy will not provide service on the data logger hardware itself, or any sensors or the Modicon PLC installed by BPL Global.

Sensor Selection

Cut sheets for the known data logging equipment and sensors are attached. No information is available on the RTDs used by BPL Global.

Sensor Verification

During the January 12, 2012 site visit, system temperatures were verified for location on the system piping as well as for accuracy against a Fluke Model 51II F handheld temperature probe. All temperature sensors were on the order of $\pm 2^{\circ}$ from the handheld probe, and with the location of the temperature sensors established via tracing wires, the readings from the Modicon were deemed accurate.

 Table 3. Temperature Verification – Modicon Readout vs Handheld

Data	Modicon	Fluke	Difference
Point	(F)	(F)	(F)
TLS	148.1	147.5	0.6
TLR1	129.0	128.9	0.1
TLR2	131.0	128.5	2.5

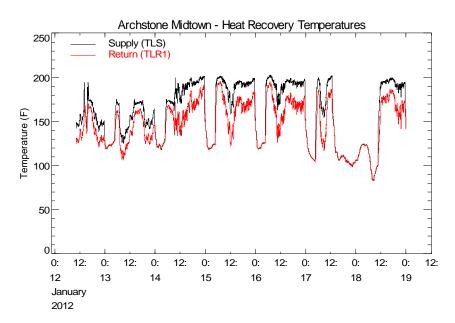


Figure 9. Heat Recovery Temperature Trend – Load HXs

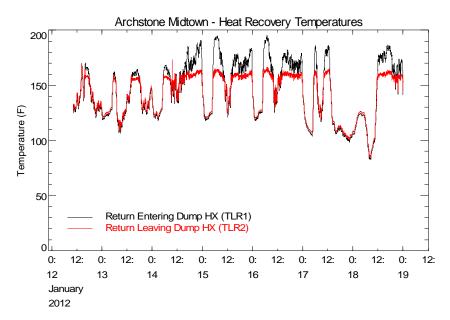


Figure 10. Heat Recovery Temperature Trend – Dump HX

Heat recovery flow rate was not verified, but the rate observed appeared reasonable. Heat recovery flow is near 45 GPM when the engines are operating, but drops down to as low as 20 GPM with then engines off.

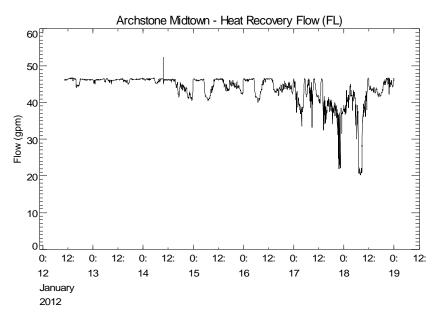


Figure 11. Heat Recovery Flow Trend

Gas use data from the utility pulse output appears normal, with gas use ranging from 700-800 CFH with one engine operating, up to 1,600-1,700 CFH with both engines operating.

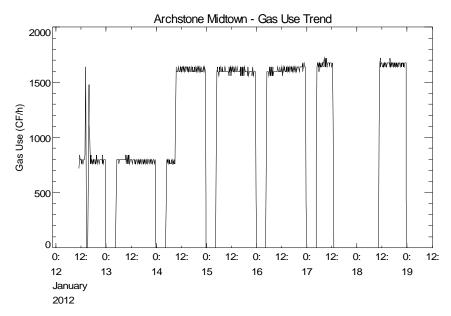


Figure 12. Engine Gas Use Trend

Parasitic power was measured for all pumps loads on the Aegis Cogen Control Panel (CCP-1) main electrical service. Power was measured using an Extech 380940 power meter.



Figure 13. CCP-1 Containing All Parasitic Loads

CCP-1 Panel	Amps @ 208 VAC	Power
	(A/B/C)	(kW)
Pumps ON	9.3 / 9.3 / 9.3	2.67 kW

Table 4. Parasitic Power Readings

Engine power was verified using the output from the Beckwith relay installed in the engine generator control compartment. The Beckwith relay can be accessed on the front serial port using the IPScom software. The fused disconnects for the engines were not accessible for a handheld power verification.

Engine Power	Amps @ 208 VAC	Power
Reading	(A/B/C)	(kW)
Fluke 39	n/a	n/a
Veris H8035	n/a	63.8 kW
Beckwith (Serial port reading using IPScom software)	n/a	62.4 kW

Table 5. Engine Power Verification – CHP Unit #1

Table 6. Engine Power Verification – CHP Unit #2

Engine Power	Amps @ 208 VAC	Power
Reading	(A/B/C)	(kW)
Fluke 39	n/a	n/a
Veris H8035	n/a	68.6 kW
Beckwith (Serial port reading using IPScom software)	n/a	68.1 kW

The power transducer was installed at 12:00 PM on January 23, 2012. The generator gross output for both units were observed to not vary significantly from the generator power set points (65 kW for Unit #1, 70 kW for Unit #2). Both generators are scheduled to shut down at 11:00 PM and restart at 4:30 AM.

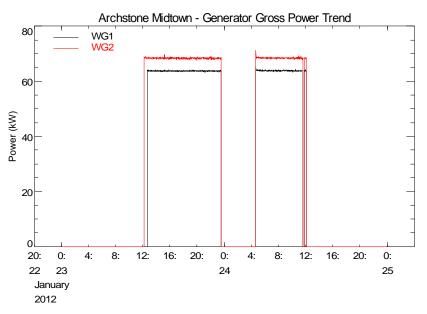


Figure 14. Generator Gross Power Trend

System Energy Flows

System energy and thermal flows documented in data analysis section.

Data Collection Status

The data logger system was configured on January 12, 2012 and is providing data to CDH Energy. The power transducer for the engine generator was installed January 23, 2012.

AEGEN THERMO POWER[™] TP-75 №

The AEGEN THERMO POWER 75 is a compact, modular combined heat and power (CHP) system producing 75 kW of power and 5.23 therms of heat per hour. A three-way non-selective catalyst reduction (NSCR) emissions control package includes a catalytic converter and temperature and oxygen controls designed to reduce emissions of nitrogen oxide, carbon monoxide, and hydrocarbons. The CHP module has a natural gas-fired reciprocating engine, an induction generator, heat recovery system, a sound attenuating enclosure, electrical switchgear, and solid-state controls for automatic and unattended operation. High efficiency heat recovery components consist of oil cooler, engine jacket for heat transfer, marine type exhaust gas manifolds and exhaust gas heat exchangers. The AEGEN THERMO POWER 75 operates in parallel with existing mechanical and electrical systems in the facility. The module includes an advanced utility-grade relay (U.L., C.S.A., and C.E. listed or certified) for electrical protection and redundancy as standard equipment.

Features

- Reliable, proven technology
- ✓ Highly efficient
- Environmentally sound with low emissions
- ✓ Quiet operation
- Modular scaleable into larger systems
- ✓ Compact easily fits in most buildings
- ✓ Indoor or outdoor installation
- ✓ Ease of installation no business disruption
- 🗲 U. L. listed
- ✤ Remote monitoring and control
- ✤ Digital display and user-friendly interface
- Infinite system life with maintenance program
- ✓ Electric and thermal load following
- ✓ Modbus compatible for networking with building automation systems







		MOD	MODELS	
	Induc	ction	Synchi	Synchronous
Characteristic	TP-75	TP-75 LE	TPS-75	TPS-75 LE
Electrical Power Output	75 kW	75 kW	75 kW	75 kW
Thermal Output	484,000 Btus/hour	523,000 Btus/hour	484,000 Btus/hour	523,000 Btus/hour
Gas Input	865 standard cubic feet per hour (scfh)	930 standard cubic feet per hour (scfh)	865 standard cubic feet per hour (scfh)	930 standard cubic feet per hour (scfh)
Required Gas pressure	4 to 10 inches water column	10 to 14 inches water column	4 to 10 inches water column	10 to 14 inches water column
Efficiency	83.9%. at HHV of 1,020 Btus/scf	82.1%. at HHV of 1,020 Btus/scf	83.9%. at HHV of 1,020 Btus/scf	82.1%. at HHV of 1,020 Btus/scf
Max Output Water Temperature		230	230° F	
Weight		3,050 p	3,050 pounds	
Suspension		Vibration isol	Vibration isolation mounts	
Dimension		46" width x 89' le	46" width x 89' length x 49" height	
Acoustic Level (enclosed)		70 decibels (dba)	70 decibels (dba) from 20 feet away	
Output Voltage		208V or 460V nomir	208V or 460V nominal, 3 Phase, 3-wire	
Emissions	Ш	Each Aegen Thermo power model meets stringent air quality standards and requirments	ingent air quality standards and requirment	S



55 Jackson Street, Holyoke, MA 01040 • (413) 536-1156 • (413) 536-1104 (fax) Website: www.AegisEnergyServices.com • Email: Aegis@AegisEnergyServices.com



APPENDIX A – Data Logger and Sensor Cut Sheets

A8812 AcquiSuite DRTM Data Acquisition Server



Description

Obvius, the leader in cost effective data acquisition and wireless metering solutions introduces the all-new A8812-x AcquiSuite DRTM data acquisition server, providing high performance and low cost for:

- Demand response programs
- Benchmarking building operations performance
- Verification of energy savings and utility costs
- Cost allocation to departments or tenants
- Internet based supervisory control outputs

The system combines the flexibility of choosing LAN, modem or cellular communication paths with the lowest total installed cost for logging building data such as:

- Electrical, gas and water usage and costs
- Indoor and outdoor temperatures
- Pressure, humidity, CO2
- Industry standard pulse or analog inputs

AcquiSuiteTM brings "plug and play" capability to the data acquisition market, dramatically reducing the time and training required to put a typical building on line. In most applications, the installation can be done by the building engineer or contractor in less than 2 hours. The system automatically detects and configures Modbus devices in just seconds reducing installation time and costs.

Applications

- Demand response program control and reporting
- Cost allocation to tenants and third parties
- Measurement & verification of energy savings
- Data center branch circuit monitoring
- Monitoring performance of building systems (e.g., chillers, boilers, fans)

Easy installation saves time and money

- Simple "plug and play" connectivity to standard Modbus meters minimizes installation time and costs
- "Flex" I/O inputs provide easy connections for analog, pulse and resistance sensors
- Integrated relay outputs allow supervisory control from any location for load shedding or local generation
- Integrated web server provides setup and configuration using any industry standard web browser (i.e., NetscapeTM or Internet ExplorerTM)

AcquiSuite Framework lets users add Modbus devices

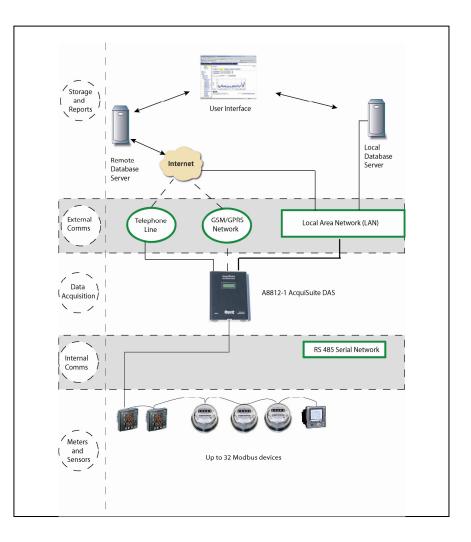
- Allows users a simple means to add Modbus devices not supported by AcquiSuite plug and play drivers
- Driver templates can be stored and shared with multiple AcquiSuites
- Simple web-based interface makes the process easy

Internet display of key building parameters

- Buildingmanageronline.comTM allows authorized users to see building performance data in an easy to use graphical format
- BMO site provides storage, display and downloads of historical data in a secure SQL database
- Users can be notified of alarm conditions in any or all monitored points
- Open protocols provide connectivity to any energy management or building automation software

Flexible communications and wireless connectivity

- All data is stored at the site in nonvolatile memory, insuring protection of valuable information in the event of power loss
- Optional on-board ModHopper (R9120-x) for wireless RS 485 communications (consult factory)
- A8812-1 provides two communication options: Local Area Network (LAN) or phone line
- A8812-GSM replaces the standard phone modem with a GSM/GPRS modem for cellular data transfer



SPECIFICATIONS

Processor	Main processor: ARM 9 ; I/O co-processor: ARM 7
Operating System	Linux 2.6
Flash ROM	16 MB NOR Flash (expandable with USB memory device)
Memory	32 MB RAM
LED	8x pulse input, 4 modem activity, Modbus TX/RX, power status
Console	2 x 16 LCD character, two buttons
LAN	10/100, Auto crossover detection
Modem (phone)	V.34 bis, 33,600 bps (Part number A8812-1)
Modem (cellular)	GSM/GPRS Class10, 85 kbps (Part number A8812-GSM)
Protocols	Modbus/RTU, Modbus/TCP, TCP/IP, PPP, HTTP/HTML, FTP, SNMP, SMTP, XML
Power Supply	24 VDC, included
Serial Port	RS-485 Modbus
Approvals	CE; FCC Part 15, Class A
USB port	USB memory expansion port
Power Requirement	110-120VAC
Interval recording	User selectable 1-60 minutes. Default 15 minute interval.
Outputs	2x, Dry contact 30 VDC, 150 mA max
Inputs	8x, user selectable:
	• 0-10 V - Min/Max/Ave/Instantaneous
	• 4-20 mA - Min/Max/Ave/Instantaneous

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- Pulse- Consumption, Rate Resistance Min/Max/Ave/Instantaneous •
 - Runtime, Status Runtime

F-1110 SINGLE TURBINE • INSERTION FLOW METER ANALOG OUTPUT



Made in the USA

DESCRIPTION

ONICON insertion turbine flow meters are suitable for measuring electrically conductive water-based liquids. The F-1110 model provides non-isolated 4-20 mA and 0-10 V analog output signals that are linear with the flow rate.

APPLICATIONS

- Closed loop chilled water, hot water, condenser water & water/glycol/brine solutions for HVAC
- Process water & water mixtures
- Domestic water

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

ACCURACY

	ACCURACY	
	± 0.5% of reading at calibrated velocity	
	± 1% of reading from 3 to 30 ft/s (10:1 range)	
	± 2% of reading from 0.4 to 20 ft/s (50:1 range)	
	SENSING METHOD	
	Electronic impedance sensing	Si
	(non-magnetic and non-photoelectric)	
	PIPE SIZE RANGE	
	1¼" through 72" nominal diameter	
	SUPPLY VOLTAGE	
	24 ± 4 V AC/DC at 50 mA	
	LIQUID TEMPERATURE RANGE	
	Standard: 180° F continuous, 200° F peak	
	High Temp: 280° F continuous, 300° F peak	
	Meters operating above 250° F require 316 SS	
	construction option	
	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE	
	-5° to 160° F (-20° to 70° C)	
	OPERATING PRESSURE	
	400 PSI maximum	
	PRESSURE DROP	
	Less than 1 PSI at 20 ft/s in 1½" pipe,	
	decreasing in larger pipes and lower velocities	
	OUTPUT SIGNALS PROVIDED	
	Analog Outputs (non-isolated)	
	Voltage output: 0-10 V (0-5 V available)	
	Current output: 4-20 mA	
	Frequency Output	
	0 – 15 V peak pulse, typically less than 300 Hz	
,		
(continued on back)	

CALIBRATION

Every ONICON flow meter is wet calibrated in a flow laboratory against primary volumetric standards that are directly traceable to N.I.S.T. A certificate of calibration accompanies every meter.

FEATURES

Unmatched Price vs. Performance - Custom calibrated, highly accurate instrumentation at very competitive prices.

Excellent Long-term Reliability - Patented electronic sensing is resistant to scale and particulate matter. Low mass turbines with engineered jewel bearing systems provide a mechanical system that virtually does not wear.

Industry Leading Two-year "No-fault" Warranty -Reduces start-up costs with extended coverage to include accidental installation damage (miswiring, etc.) Certain exclusions apply. See our complete warranty statement for details.

implified Hot Tap Insertion Design -

Standard on every insertion flow meter. Allows for insertion and removal by hand without system shutdown.

OPERATING RANGE FOR COMMON PIPE SIZES 0.17 TO 20 ft/s

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±2% accuracy b	begins at 0.4 ft/s
Pipe Size (Inches)	Flow Rate (GPM)
1 ¹ / ₄	0.8 - 95
1 ¹ / ₂	1 - 130
2	2 - 210
2 ¹ / ₂	2.5 - 230
3	4 - 460
4	8 - 800
6	15 - 1,800
8	26 - 3,100
10	42 - 4,900
12	60 - 7,050
14	72 - 8,600
16	98 - 11,400
18	120 - 14,600
20	150 - 18,100
24	230 - 26,500
30	360 - 41,900
36	510 - 60,900

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F-1110 SPECIFICATIONS cont.

MATERIAL

Wetted metal	components:
Standard:	Electroless nickel plated brass
Optional:	316 stainless steel
ELECTRONICS	S ENCLOSURE
Standard:	Weathertight aluminum enclosure
Optional:	Submersible enclosure
ELECTRICAL	CONNECTIONS
3-wire for fre	equency output
Standard:	10' of cable with ½" NPT
	conduit connection
Optional:	Indoor DIN connector with 10'

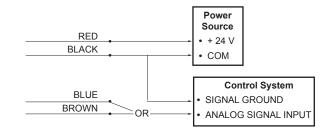
of plenum rated cable

F-1110 Wiring Information

WIRE COLOR	DESCRIPTION	NOTES			
RED	(+) 24 V AC/DC supply voltage, 50 mA	Connect to power supply positive			
BLACK	(-) Common ground (Common with pipe ground)	Connect to power supply negative & analog input ground			
GREEN	(+) Frequency output signal: 0-15 V peak pulse	Required when meter is connected to local display or Btu meter			
BLUE	(+) Analog signal: 4-20 mA (non-isolated)	Both signals may be used			
BROWN	(+) Analog signal: 0-10 V (non-isolated)	independently.			

F-1110 Wiring Diagram

Flow meter into control system (no display or Btu meter)



NOTE:

Display Modules

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ALSO AVAILABLE

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Btu Measurement Systems

SYSTEM-10 BTU METER

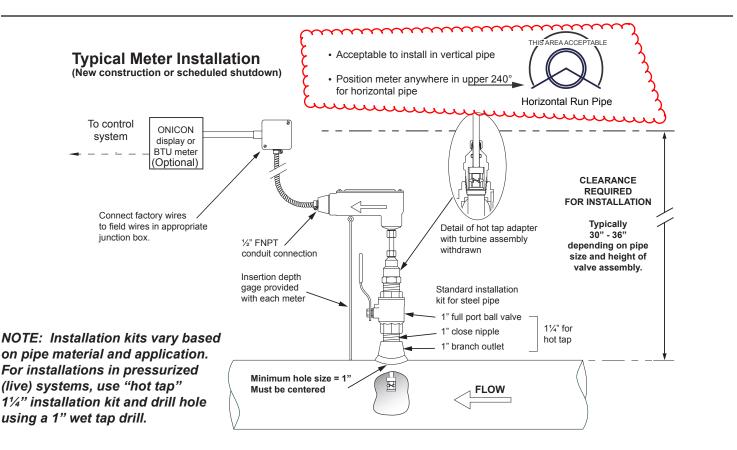
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POWERO

E: 1. Black wire is common with the pipe ground (typically earth ground).

2. Frequency output required for ONICON display module or Btu meter, refer to wiring diagram for peripheral device.



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Enercept[®] Networked Power Transducers (Modbus[®] RTU)

Integral Monitoring Solution Eliminates The Need For Separate Enclosures

APPLICATIONS

- Energy managing & performance contracting
- Monitoring for commercial tenants
- Activity-based costing in commercial and industrial facilities
- Real-time power monitoring

FEATURES

The world's most cost-effective power transducer

- Monitor energy parameters (kW, kWh, kVAR, PF, Amps, Volts) at up to 63 locations on a single RS-485 network...greatly reduces wiring time and cost
- Fast split-core installation eliminates the need to remove conductors...saves time and labor
- Precision electronics and current transformers in a single package...reduces the number of installed components...huge labor savings
- Smart electronics eliminate CT orientation concerns...fast trouble-free installation

High accuracy

±1% total system accuracy, (10% to 100% of CT rating)



DESCRIPTION

The **Enercept H8035/8036** are innovative three-phase networked (Modbus RTU) power transducers that combine measurement electronics and high accuracy industrial grade CTs in a single package. The need for external electrical enclosures is eliminated, greatly reducing installation time and cost.

There are two application-specific platforms to choose from. The Basic Enercept energy transducers (H8035) are ideal for applications where only kW and kWh are required. The Enercept Enhanced power transducers (H8036) output 26 variables including kW, kWh, volts, amps, and power factor, making them ideal for monitoring and diagnostics.

Color-coordination between voltage leads and CTs makes phase matching easy. Additionally, the Enercept automatically detects and compensates for phase reversal, eliminating the concern of CT load orientation. Up to 63 Enercepts can be daisychained on a single RS-485 network.

SPECIFICATIONS

Inputs:

Voltage Input	208 to 480VAC, 50/60 Hz RMS †(††)
Current Input	Up to 2400A continuous per phase †
Accuracy: System Accuracy	\pm 1% of reading from 10% to 100% of the rated current of the CTs, accomplished by matching the CTs with electronics and calibrating them as a system
Outputs:	
Туре	Modbus RTU**(*)
Baud Rate	9600, 8N1 format
Connection	RS-485, 2-wire + shield

Environmental:

Environmental.	
Operating Temperature Range	0° to 60°C (32° F to 140°F), 50°C (122°F) for 2400A
Humidity Range	0 - 95% non-condensing

UL, approved for California CSI Solar applications (check the CSI Solar website for model numbers)

** Detailed protocol specifications are available at: http://www.veris.com/modbus

* Other protocols available. Please consult factory.

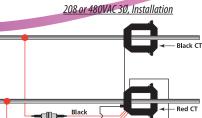
† Contact factory to interface for voltages above 480VAC or current above 2400 Amps.

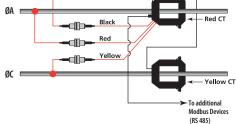
t⁺ Do not apply 600V Class current transformers to circuits having a phase-to-phase voltage greater than 600V, unless adequate additional insulation is applied between the primary conductor and the current transformers. Veris assumes no responsibility for damage of equipment or personal injury caused by products operated on circuits above their published ratings.

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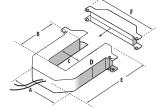
APPLICATION/WIRING EXAMPLES

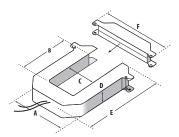


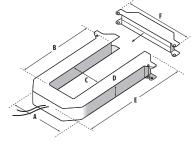


DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

ØB







ORDERING INFORMATION

Modbus Basic Power Transducers*

MODEL	MAX. AMPS	CT SIZE
H8035-0100-2	100	SMALL
H8035-0300-2	300	SMALL
H8035-0400-3	400	MEDIUM
H8035-0800-3	800	MEDIUM
H8035-0800-4	800	LARGE
H8035-1600-4	1600	LARGE
H8035-2400-4	2400	LARGE

*H8035 models work with H8920-5 LON nodes

ACCESSORIES

CT Mounting brackets (AH06) H8920 Series LON nodes

SMALL 100/300 Amp					
Α=	3.8"	(96 mm)			
B =	1.2"	(30 mm)			
C =	1.3"	(31 mm)			
D =	1.2"	(30 mm)			
E =	4.0"	(100 mm)			
F=	4.8"	(121 mm)			

MEDIUM 400/800 Amp				
A =	4.9"	(125 mm)		
B =	2.9"	(73 mm)		
(=	2.5"	(62 mm)		
D =	1.2"	(30 mm)		
E =	5.2"	(132 mm)		
F =	5.9"	(151 mm)		

LARGE 800/1600/2400 Amp				
A =	4.9"	(125 mm)		
B =	5.5"	(139 mm)		
C =	2.5"	(62 mm)		
D =	1.2"	(30 mm)		
E =	7.9"	(201 mm)		
F =	6.0"	(151 mm)		

E212445

Black CT 120 ØB Black Red CT Red đþ 120 ØA 🗉 Yellow CT el C

DATA OUTPUTS

<u>H8035</u> kWh kW

H8036

kWh, Consumption kW, Real Power kVAR, Reactive Power kVA, Apparent Power **Power Factor** kW, Real Power ØC*

* Based on derived neutral voltage.

Modbus Enhanced Data Stream Power Transducers*

MODEL	MAX. AMPS	CT SIZE
H8036-0100-2	100	SMALL
H8036-0300-2	300	SMALL
H8036-0400-3	400	MEDIUM
H8036-0800-3	800	MEDIUM
H8036-0800-4	800	LARGE
H8036-1600-4	1600	LARGE
H8036-2400-4	2400	LARGE

*H8036 models work with H8920-1 LON nodes

240VAC 1Ø, 3-Wire Installation oltage Lead capped

Average Real Power **Minimum Real Power** Maximum Real Power Voltage, L-L Voltage, L-N* Amps, Average Current kW, Real Power ØA* kW, Real Power ØB*

800.354.8556

APPENDIX B – Data Logger Wiring Diagrams and Modbus Register Maps

Instrumentation, Wiring Schematic, and Installation Details

Site Visits

January 12, 2012	Initial site visit, data logger commissioning
January 23, 2012	Engine generator power transducers installed

Description of Monitored Data Points and Schematics

Table B-1 lists the monitored points installed at the site.

Table B-1. Monitored Data Point List

No.	Data Point	Description	Units	Sensor	Output	Notes
1	WG1	Generator Power - CHP Unit 1	kW/kWh	Veris H8035-0800-3	Modbus	Provided and Installed by CDH Energy
2	WG2	Generator Power - CHP Unit 2	kW/kWh	Veris H8035-0800-3	Modbus	Provided and Installed by CDH Energy
3	FG	Generator Gas Use	CF	Utility pulse output	Pulse	10 CF/pulse
4	FL	Heat Recovery Loop Flowrate	GPM	Onicon F1110	4-20 mA	Read from BPL Modicon PLC
5	TLS	Heat Recovery Loop Supply Temperature	deg F	BPL RTD TT173	n/a	Read from BPL Modicon PLC
6	TLR1	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature Leaving Load HXs / Enter	deg F	BPL RTD TT174	n/a	Read from BPL Modicon PLC
7	TLR2	Heat Recovery Loop Return Temperature Leaving Dump HX	deg F	BPL RTD TT176	n/a	Read from BPL Modicon PLC

Figure B-1 displays the data logger termination diagram.

Obvius Acquisite A8812 -1 Data Logger Input Terminals

(+) 24VD	CRed	[FG		Generator Gas Use Utility Meter Pulser
G	Black				10 CF/Pulse
(+) 24VD	c				
IN2					
G					
(+) 24VD	с				
IN3					
G					
(+) 24VD	С				
IN4					
G					
(+) 24VD	C				
IN5	_				
G					
(+) 24VD	C				
IN6					
G					
(+) 24VD	C				
IN7					
G					
(+) 24VD	OC				
IN8					
G					
RS-485	+	\sim	\sim	\sim	Modbus Device Loop
RS-485		\sim	\sim	\sim	4 total devices WG1, WG2, (2) Beckwith (not used)
Shield					

Figure B-1. Obvius Data Logger Wiring Schematic