Monitoring and Analysis Plan for Aegis AGEN-75 CHP System at the 252 7th Avenue – The Chelsea Mercantile

This document describes the measurements, sensors, and data logging equipment proposed to quantify the performance of the Aegis AGEN-75 based CHP system installed at The Chelsea Mercantile in New York, NY (Figure 1). The CHP system consists of two Aegis AGEN-75 75-kW engine generator systems that produce electricity and hot water for domestic hot water and space heating.



Figure 1. 252 7th Avenue – The Chelsea Mercantile

Description of CHP System

The two 75-kW engine generators are located in boiler room in the cellar level of the building. Also located in the sub-cellar adjacent to the CHP units is a heat exchanger (HX) coupling the heat recovery loop to the buildings space heating hot water loop, a HX for the low zone DHW loop, a HX for the high zone DHW loop, a HX for the WSHP loop, and a HX for the dump radiator and cooling tower loop.

Description of Monitored Data Points

Table 1 lists the monitored points required to characterize the performance of the CHP system. Each point is accompanied by the respective sensor and engineering unit measured.

| Table 1. | Data Point List |
|----------|------------------------|
|----------|------------------------|

| No. | Data Point | Description | Units | Sensor | Output | Notes |
|-----|------------|--|--------|---|------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | WT1 | Total Facility Power - Service #1 | kW/kWh | Veris E50 C2 with MV Rope CTs | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 2 | WT2 | Total Facility Power - Service #2 | kW/kWh | Veris E50 C2 with MV Rope CTs | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 3 | WG1 | Generator Power - Unit #1 | kW/kWh | Veris H8035-0300-2 | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 4 | WG2 | Generator Power - Unit #2 | kW/kWh | Veris H8035-0300-2 | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 5 | WPAR | Parasitic Power | kW/kWh | Veris H8035-0100-2 | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 6 | FG | Generator Gas Use | CF | Utility pulse output from billing meter | Pulse | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 7 | QD | Heat Transfer Dump Radiator | Mbtu | | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 8 | TLR1 | Supply Temperature Dump Radiator (Upstream of CT) | deg F | Badger 380 BTU meter | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 9 | TLR2 | Return Temperature Dump Radiator (Downstream of Rad) | deg F | Bauger 560 BTO meter | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 10 | FL | Flowrate CHP Loop | GPM | | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 11 | TLS | Supply Temperature From CHP Units | deg F | Veris TID B1 D0 10k Type II thermisor | OHMs | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 12 | WG | Net Generator Power | kW/kWh | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 13 | QU | Heat Transfer Useful Loads | Mbtu | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| 14 | QDC | Heat Transfer Dump Radiator - Calculated | Mbtu | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |

Power Meters (WT1, WT2, WG1, WG2, WPAR)

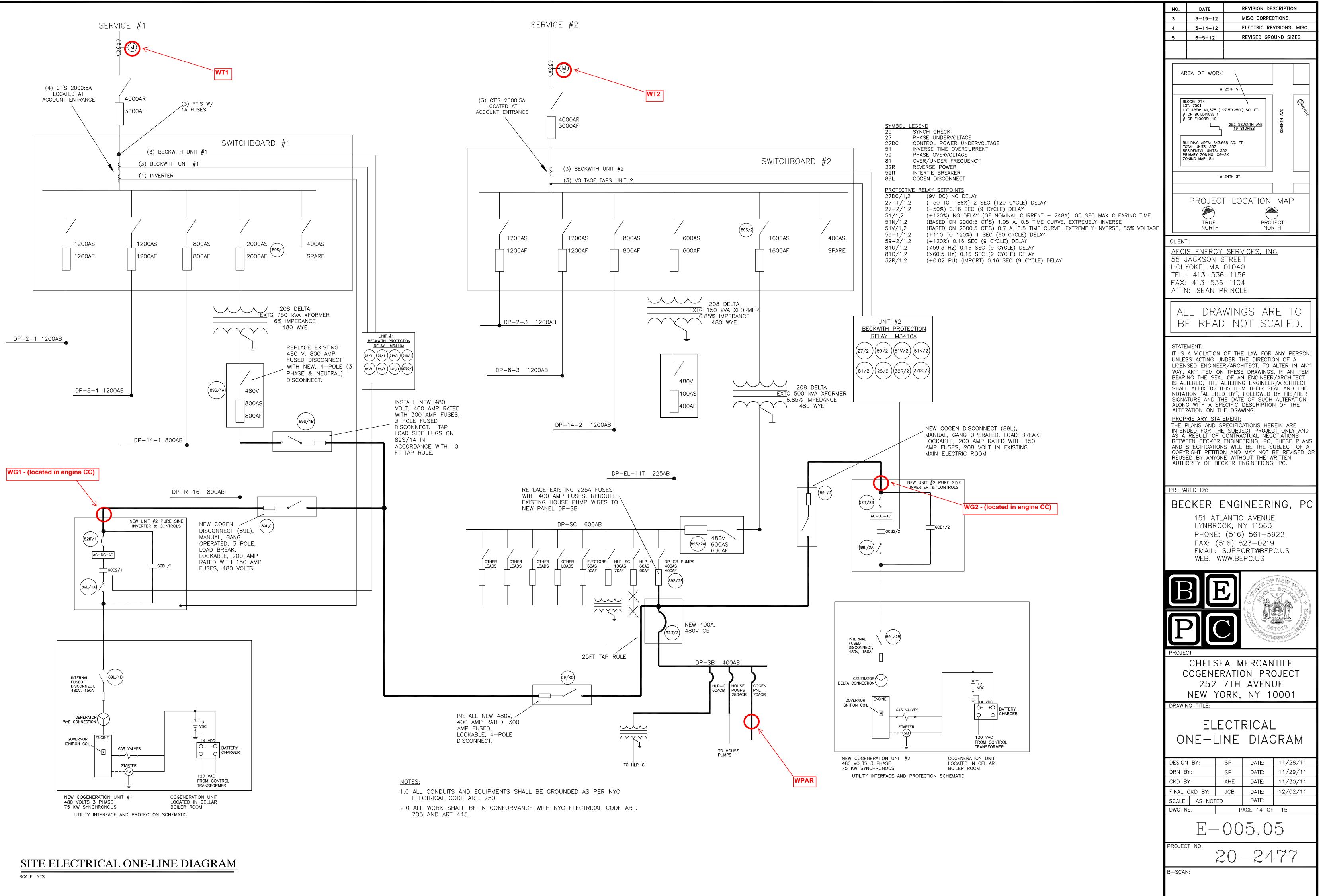
Aegis is providing two (2) power meters to monitor the total facility energy consumption (**WT1**, **WT2**) on the incoming bus section from the two utility services. The recommended facility power meter is a Veris Veris E50 C2 using rope CTs. The E50 meter will provide a modbus data connection to the data logger for continuous reporting of facility demand (kW) and accumulated energy consumption (kWh).

Aegis is providing two (2) power meters to monitor the output of each of the two (2) CHP units (**WG1,WG2**). The recommended generator power meter is a Veris H8035-300, which provides a modbus data connection to the data logger for continuous reporting of system power (kW) and accumulated produced energy (kWh).

Parasitic power loads (**WPAR**) for the system, typically from additional circulating pumps and the dump radiator fans, are located in Cogen Control Panels (CCPs) next to the cogen units. The recommend parasitic power meter is a Veris H8035-100, which provides a Modbus data connection to the data logger for continuous reporting of system power (kW) and accumulated produced energy (kWh).

All power meters are wired in a daisy-chain configuration on the modbus loop, requiring a continuous run of #18/2 TSP with shield between the sensors, with one return run to the data logger.

Locations of the power metering equipment are shown on the one line diagram in Figure 2.

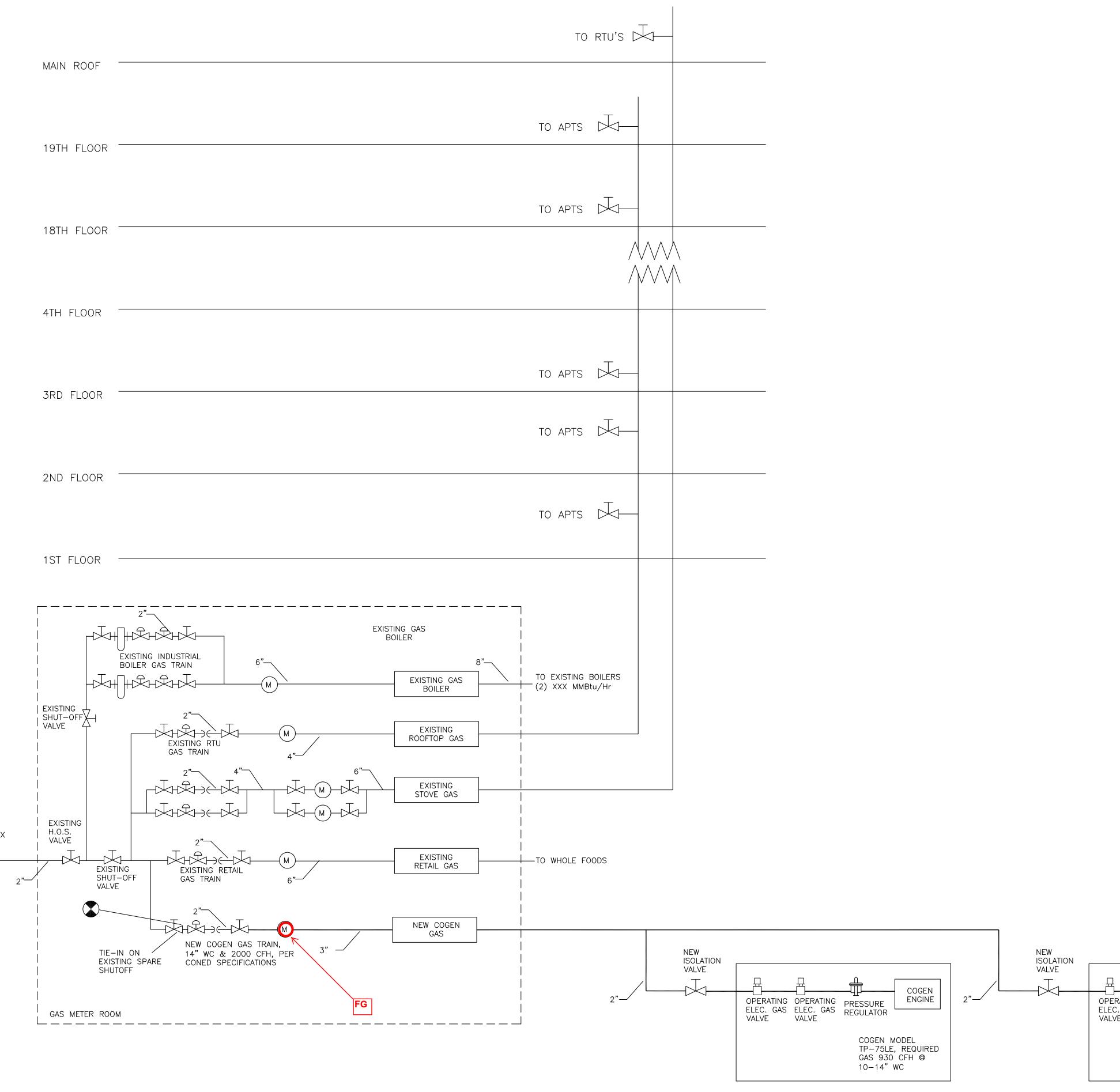


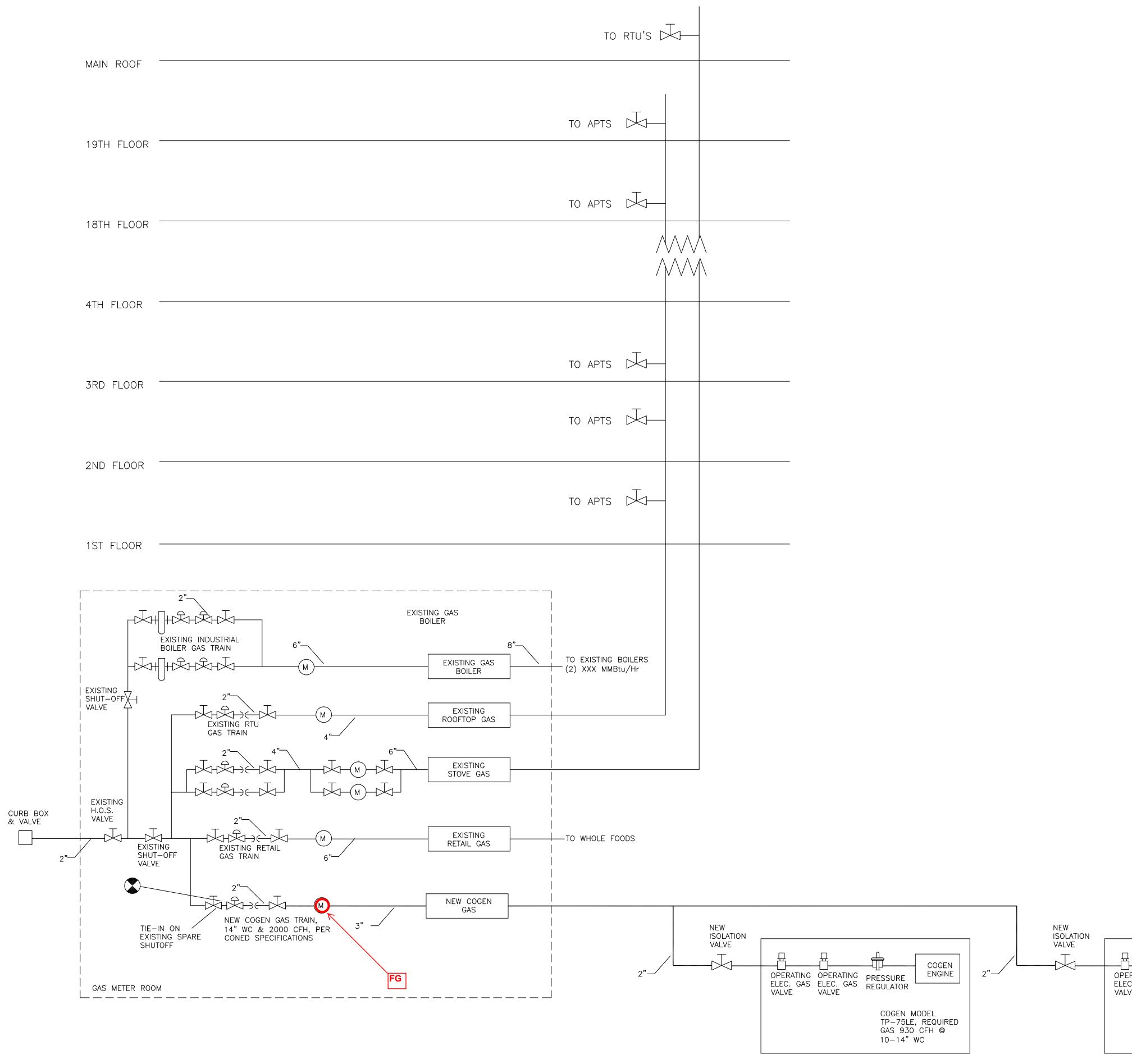
Natural Gas Flow (FG)

The natural gas meter for the CHP system is located in the cellar level in a gas metering room. The CHP system gas consumption (**FG**) will be read using a utility supplied pulse interface that provides a dry-contact switch closure for a fixed volume of gas (typically 100 CF/pulse).

The gas meter pulse output requires a dedicated twisted pair signal wire back to the CCP-1 location in the sub-cellar.

Locations of the gas metering equipment are shown on the piping diagram in Figure 3.







GAS RISER DIAGRAM

SCALE: NTS

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| DPERATING ELEC. GAS VALVE | PRESSURE REGULATOR | COGEN ENGINE |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | COGEN M TP-75LE GAS 930 10-14"\ | , REQUIRED CFH @ |

Heat Recovery Calculations (QD, TLR1, TLR2, FL, TLS, QU)

The recovered heat from the CHP system is measured using one Badger 380 Btu meter and one additional temperature sensor. The Badger meter provides not only an integrated heat transfer measurement using its two onboard temperature sensors and flow meter, but also the temperature and flow readings used to compute the BTU value. Recording the flows and temperatures simultaneously with the BTU data allows for diagnosis of deviations in the heat transfer values beyond what the BTU data can provide alone.

The Badger BTU meter records the total heat transferred to the dump radiator loops (**QD**). This includes heat dissipated through the cooling towers and the standby mode radiator located in the garage. With the addition of the recovered heat loop supply temperature sensor (**TLS**), the total heat transfer to useful loads (**QU**) can be calculated using the flow and temperature reading (**FL**, **TLR1**) from the BTU meter.

Similar to the power meters, the BTU meter needs to be wired in a daisy-chain configuration as part of the same modbus loop, requiring a continuous run of #18/2 TSP with shield between the power meters and BTU meter, with one return run to the data logger.

Locations of the thermal metering equipment are shown on the piping diagram in Figure 4.

PUMP SCHEDULE

| FUI | MF SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|
| PUMP NO. | SERVICE | FLOW | HEAD | PUMP H.P. | PHASE | PUMP MODEL |
| P-1 | COGEN #1 | 25 GPM | 70 FT | 3/4 HP | 3 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES 1535 353T |
| P-2 | COGEN #2 | 25 GPM | 70 FT | 3/4 HP | 3 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES 1535 353T |
| P-3a & 3b | COGEN PRIMARY LOOP (REDUNDANT) | 55 GPM | 70 FT | 1 1/2 HP | 3 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES 1535 355T |
| P-4 | SPACE HEATING LOOP | 50 GPM | 28 FT | 3/4 HP | 3 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES 60-615T |
| P-5 | LOW ZONE DHW LOOP | 40 GPM | 15 FT | 3/5 HP | 1 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES PL-55B |
| P-6 | HIGH ZONE DHW LOOP | 40 GPM | 15 FT | 3/5 HP | 1 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES PL-55B |
| P-7 | WATER SOURCE HEAT PUMP LOOP | 50 GPM | 28 FT | 3/4 HP | 3 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES 60-615T |
| P-8 | DUMP LOOP | 50 GPM | 28 FT | 3/4 HP | 3 PH | BELL & GOSSETT SERIES 60-615T |
| | | | | | | |

CONTROL VALVE SCHEDULE

| VALVE NO. | SERVICE | FLOW TYPE | SIZE | VOLTAGE | VALVE MODEL | ACTUATOR |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|------|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| V-1 | SPACE HEATING LOOP | MIXING | 2" | 24 V | SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC VS2313-526-9-63 | MS40-7043M MODULATING |
| V-2 | LOW ZONE DHW LOOP | MIXING | 2" | 24 V | SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC VS2313-526-9-63 | MS40-7043M MODULATING |
| V-3 | HIGH ZONE DHW LOOP | MIXING | 2" | 24 V | SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC VS2313-526-9-63 | MS40-7043M MODULATING |
| V-4 | WATER SOURCE HEAT PUMP LOOP | MIXING | 2" | 24 V | SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC VS2313-526-9-63 | MS40-7043M MODULATING |
| V-5 | DUMP LOOP | MIXING | 2" | 24 V | SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC VA2313-526-9-67 | MA40-7043M ON/OFF |
| V-6 | STANDBY DUMP LOOP | MIXING | 2" | 24 V | SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC VA2313-526-9-67 | MA40-7043M ON/OFF |

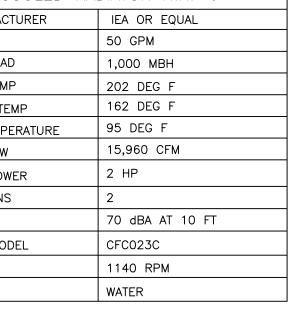
| PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER H.X1 | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| DESIGN MANUFACT | URER API HEAT TRANSFER | | |
| MODEL | | SBM7M-60 | |
| TYPE | | BRAZED PLATE | |
| MATERIAL | | COPPER/316 STAINLESS | |
| SERVICE | | SPACE HEATING | |
| SIDE | НОТ | COLD | |
| FLUID TYPE | WATER | WATER | |
| FLUID FLOW | 50 GPM | 50 GPM | |
| TEMP IN | 220 | 165 | |
| TEMP OUT | 176 | 208 | |
| PRESSURE DROP | 2.09 PSI | 2.06 PSI | |
| INLET SIZE | 2" NPT | 2" NPT | |

| PLATE HEAT | EXCHA | NGER H.X2&3 |
|-----------------|----------|----------------------|
| DESIGN MANUFACT | TURER | API HEAT TRANSFER |
| MODEL | | SBM7L-40 |
| TYPE | | BRAZED PLATE |
| MATERIAL | | COPPER/316 STAINLESS |
| SERVICE | | DOMESTIC HOT WATER |
| SIDE | НОТ | COLD |
| FLUID TYPE | WATER | WATER |
| FLUID FLOW | 50 GPM | 50 GPM |
| TEMP IN | 220 | 140 |
| TEMP OUT | 176 | 182 |
| PRESSURE DROP | 1.99 PSI | 1.93 PSI |
| INLET SIZE | 2" NPT | 2" NPT |

| PLATE HEAT | F EXCHAN | NGER H.X4 | | |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------|--|--|
| DESIGN MANUFACT | FURER | API HEAT TRANSFER | | |
| MODEL | | SBM7L-40 | | |
| TYPE | | BRAZED PLATE | | |
| MATERIAL | | COPPER/316 STAINLESS | | |
| SERVICE | | WATER SOURCE HEAT PUMP | | |
| SIDE | нот | COLD | | |
| FLUID TYPE | WATER | WATER | | |
| FLUID FLOW | 50 GPM | 50 GPM | | |
| TEMP IN | 220 F | 95 F | | |
| TEMP OUT | 176 F | 137 F | | |
| PRESSURE DROP | 1.99 PSI | 1.93 PSI | | |
| INLET SIZE | 2" NPT | 2" NPT | | |

| PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER H.X5 | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|----------------------|--|
| DESIGN MANUFACTURER | | API HEAT TRANSFER | |
| MODEL | | SBM7L-40 | |
| TYPE | | BRAZED PLATE | |
| MATERIAL | | COPPER/316 STAINLESS | |
| SERVICE | | DUMP LOOP | |
| SIDE | НОТ | COLD | |
| FLUID TYPE | WATER | WATER | |
| FLUID FLOW | 50 GPM | 50 GPM | |
| TEMP IN | 220 F | 95 F | |
| TEMP OUT | 176 F | 137 F | |
| PRESSURE DROP | 1.99 PSI | 1.93 PSI | |
| INLET SIZE | 2" NPT | 2" NPT | |
| | | | |

| AIR COOLED RA | DIATOR H.X6 |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| DESIGN MANUFACTURER | IEA OR EQUAL |
| FLOW RATE | 50 GPM |
| GROSS HEAT LOAD | 1,000 MBH |
| INLET WATER TEMP | 202 DEG F |
| OUTLET WATER TEMP | 162 DEG F |
| DESIGN AIR TEMPERATURE | 95 DEG F |
| DESIGN AIR FLOW | 15,960 CFM |
| BLOWER FAN POWER | 2 HP |
| NUMBER OF FANS | 2 |
| SOUND LEVEL | 70 dBA AT 10 FT |
| DESIGN BASE MODEL | CFC023C |
| FAN SPEED | 1140 RPM |
| MEDIUM | WATER |



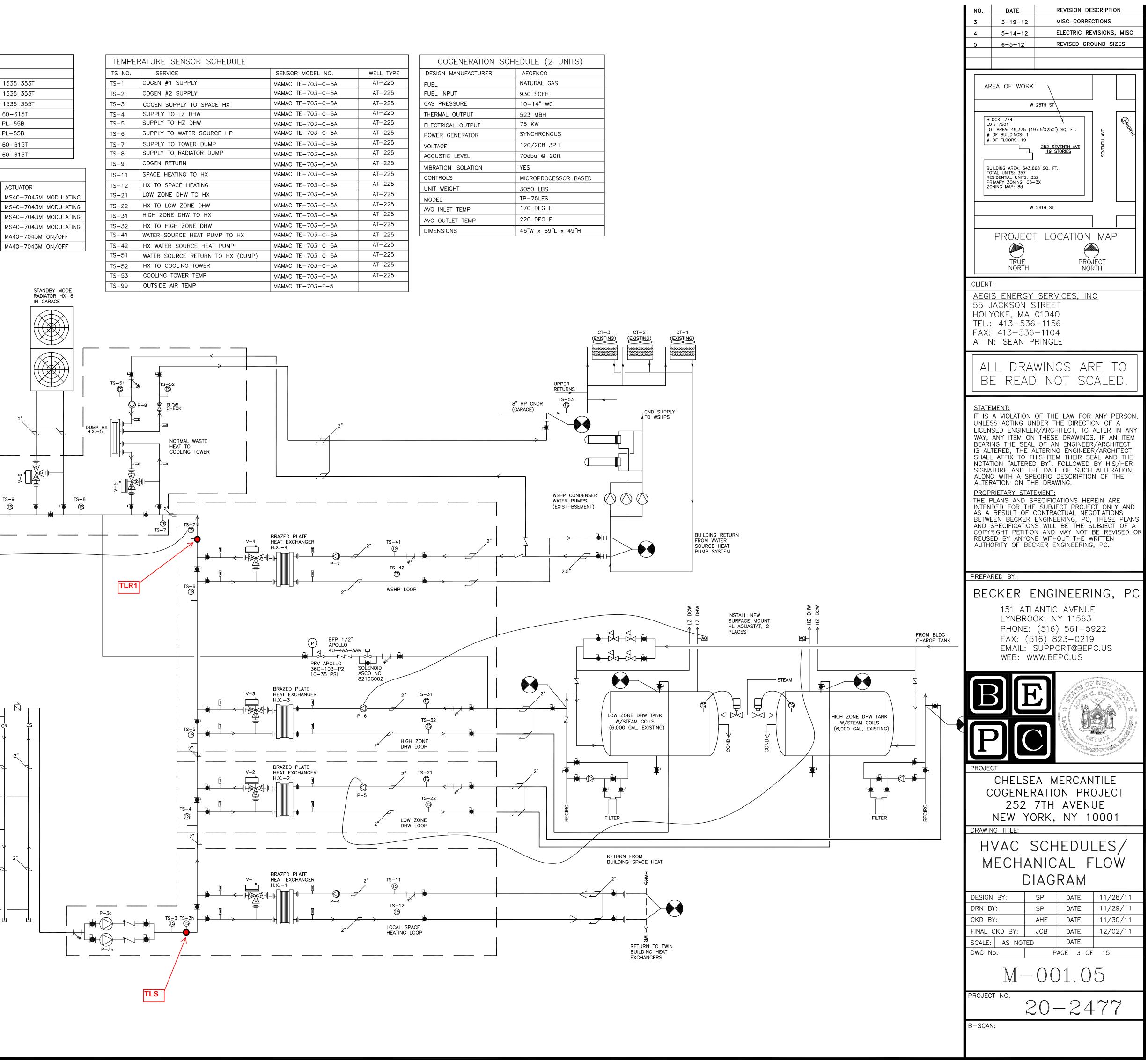
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BTU METER BADGER

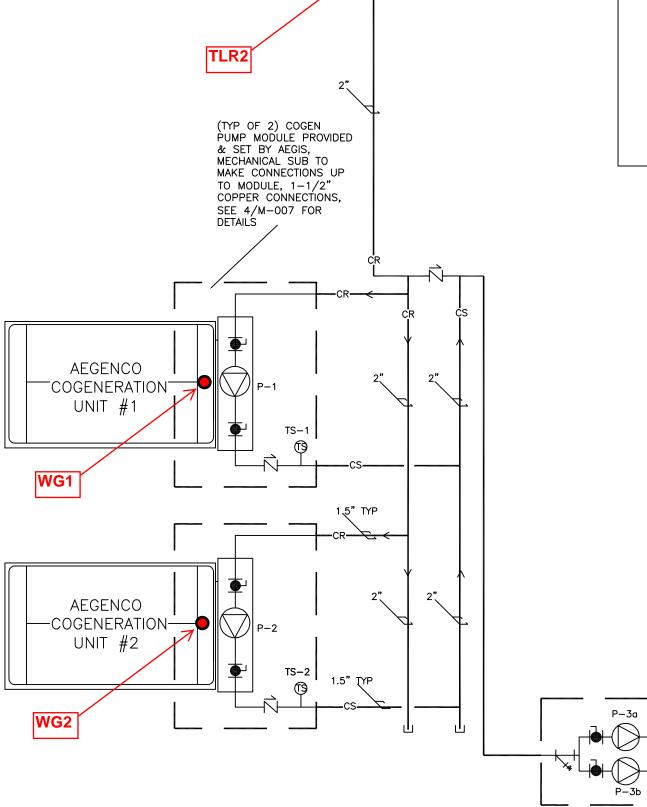
FLOW METER FM-1

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COGENERATION HVAC SCHEDULES

SCALE: NTS

| RATURE SENSOR SCHEDULE | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| SERVICE | SENSOR MODEL NO. | WELL TYPE |
| COGEN #1 SUPPLY | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| COGEN #2 SUPPLY | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| COGEN SUPPLY TO SPACE HX | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| SUPPLY TO LZ DHW | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| SUPPLY TO HZ DHW | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| SUPPLY TO WATER SOURCE HP | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| SUPPLY TO TOWER DUMP | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| SUPPLY TO RADIATOR DUMP | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| COGEN RETURN | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| SPACE HEATING TO HX | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| HX TO SPACE HEATING | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| LOW ZONE DHW TO HX | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| HX TO LOW ZONE DHW | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| HIGH ZONE DHW TO HX | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| HX TO HIGH ZONE DHW | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| WATER SOURCE HEAT PUMP TO HX | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| HX WATER SOURCE HEAT PUMP | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| WATER SOURCE RETURN TO HX (DUMP) | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| HX TO COOLING TOWER | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| COOLING TOWER TEMP | MAMAC TE-703-C-5A | AT-225 |
| OUTSIDE AIR TEMP | MAMAC TE-703-F-5 | |
| | | |

| COGENERATION SCHEDULE (2 UNITS) | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| DESIGN MANUFACTURER | AEGENCO | |
| FUEL | NATURAL GAS | |
| FUEL INPUT | 930 SCFH | |
| GAS PRESSURE | 10-14" WC | |
| THERMAL OUTPUT | 523 MBH | |
| ELECTRICAL OUTPUT | 75 KW | |
| POWER GENERATOR | SYNCHRONOUS | |
| VOLTAGE | 120/208 3PH | |
| ACOUSTIC LEVEL | 70dba @ 20ft | |
| VIBRATION ISOLATION | YES | |
| CONTROLS | MICROPROCESSOR BASED | |
| UNIT WEIGHT | 3050 LBS | |
| MODEL | TP-75LES | |
| AVG INLET TEMP | 170 DEG F | |
| AVG OUTLET TEMP | 220 DEG F | |
| DIMENSIONS | 46"W x 89"L x 49"H | |

Data Logger Location and Communication

The data logger will be installed adjacent to the Aegis CCP control panel in the cellar level, and will utilize a port on the router (DHCP or Static IP to be provided by Aegis). Inside the Aegis communication panel is a 110 VAC outlet that will be utilized for datalogger power.

The modbus communication loop will be configured for the following modbus slave address on each device.

| Data Point | Sensor | Modbus Device Number |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| WT1 | Veris E50 C2 with MV Rope CTs | 1 |
| WT2 | Veris E50 C2 with MV Rope CTs | 2 |
| WG1 | Veris H8035-0300-2 | 3 |
| WG2 | Veris H8035-0300-2 | 4 |
| WPAR | Veris H8035-0100-2 | 5 |
| QD, TLR1, TLR2, FL | Badger 380 | 6 |

 Table 2. Modbus Communication Loop Device Numbers

The modbus communication loop is shown schematically in Figure 5. (will be added once the site is visited and floors and exact locations are known for the various meters)

[PDF DRAWING]

Figure 5. Modbus Loop Wiring Diagram

<u>Data Analysis</u>

The collected data will be used to determine the net power output of the system as well as the fuel conversion efficiency (FCE).

Peak Demand or Peak kW

The peak electric output or demand for each power reading will be taken as the average kW in a 1-minute interval, or

 $kW = \frac{kWh}{\Delta t} = \frac{kWh \text{ per interval}}{1/60 \text{ h}}$

Heat Recovery Rates

The heat recovery rates will be calculated based on the 1-minute data recorded by the data logger. The metering arrangement at this site allows for useful heat and rejected heat to be calculated using one flow measurement and three temperature measurements:

Useful heat recovery $(\mathbf{QU}) = \mathbf{K} \cdot \Sigma [FL \cdot (TLS - TLR1)] / n$

Dumped heat recovery (**QHD**) = $K \cdot \Sigma [FL \cdot (TLR1 - TLR2)] / n$

Or

Dumped heat recovery (**QHD**) = QL2 (From BTU Meter)

The loop fluid is expected to be glycol water mixture, (K ~ 480 Btu/h-gpm-°F). 'n' is the number of scan intervals included in each recording interval (e.g., with 1-minute data, n=60).

Parasitic Loads

The parasitic electric loads on this system consist of 9 circulation pumps (two pumps are redundant) and two dump radiator fans. The loads are able to all be measured with one power transducer in the CCP.

Parasitic Energy (**WPAR**) = Σ WPAR / n

Calculated Quantities

The net power output from the CHP system will be defined as the power from the engine generators minus the parasitic power.

WG = WG1 + WG2 - WPAR

The fuel conversion efficiency of the CHP system, based on the lower heating value of the fuel, will be defined as:

$$FCE = \frac{QU \cdot \Delta t + 3,412 \cdot WG}{LHV_{gas} \cdot FG}$$

where:

| ere: | QU - | Useful heat recovery (Btu/h) |
|------|----------------------|--|
| | WG - | Engine generator gross output (kWh) (WG1+WG2) |
| | FG - | Generator gas consumption (Std CF) |
| | Δt - | 1/60 for 1-minute data |
| | LHV _{gas} - | Lower heating value for natural gas (~920 Btu per CF). |
| ere | - | |

Where

 $0.9\ is$ the conversion factor between HHV and LHV

The FCE can be calculated for any time interval. When converting to daily, monthly, or annual values, each value is summed and then the following formula is applied:

$$FCE = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{N} QU \cdot \Delta t + 3,412 \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{N} WG}{LHV_{gas} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{N} FG}$$

Where N is equal to the number of intervals in the period of interest.

Data Logging Equipment

The data logging system will be based around the Obvius AquiSuite A8812 data logger. The logger has eight analog or digital inputs on the main board, and monitoring capabilities can be extended using expansion boards. The primary sensor connection configuration for the logger is a two-wire twisted pair network, that reduces the number of low voltage sensor wire runs. The logger has 32 MB of onboard RAM for data retention. The logger is equipped with both a 10/100 LAN port and an analog phone modem for remote data retrieval.



Obvius AcquiSuite Figure 6. Obvious AcquiSuite Data Logger

Each night we poll the logger via a network connection, and collect the data recorded across the day. Data are automatically loaded into the database system here at CDH Energy, where a number of automated data verification routines will identify any suspect data. Verification routines will consist of range checks, where the data are compared to a preset range of value, and data exceeding these values will be flagged; and/or relational checks, where the data are compared to the operational state of the unit for validity, such as "Are the engines consuming gas while producing power?" Data that fails the verification routines will be checked manually by CDH personnel on a daily basis, and corrupt data will be removed from the database. We will endeavor to address data collection issues such as data logging hardware or sensor failures within 48-hours of the failure being identified.

All data collected will be converted to hourly data in a comma delimited CSV format consistent with the requirements for inclusion into the NYSERDA integrated data system website.

All sensors are scanned on the order of once per second, and these samples will be combined into 1-minute averages (for analog data) and totals (for digital data). The logger has sufficient memory to hold up to 30-days of data without overwriting the logger memory.

All data logging equipment is installed in a fiberglass NEMA Type 1 enclosure to be mounted inside the cellar mechanical room, near the existing Aegis control panel, providing 110 VAC and internet connectivity.

Other Monitoring Requirements

The data logger will require a connection to the Internet. A dedicated static IP address is desired, but not required. If a dynamic IP address is used, the logger will upload data every night to the CDH Energy servers, but we will <u>not</u> be able to access the logger for remote configuration purposes.

All low voltage signal wiring will not be installed in conduit. Cable runs will be neat and secured to existing conduit.

Sensor Selection

Cut sheets for the data logging equipment and sensors are attached.

Sensor Verification

To be performed at monitoring system installation.

System Energy Flows

System energy and thermal flows documented in data analysis section.

Data Collection Status

To be provided at monitoring system commissioning.

APPENDIX A – Data Logger and Sensor Cut Sheets

A8812 AcquiSuite DRTM Data Acquisition Server



Description

Obvius, the leader in cost effective data acquisition and wireless metering solutions introduces the all-new A8812-x AcquiSuite DRTM data acquisition server, providing high performance and low cost for:

- Demand response programs
- Benchmarking building operations performance
- Verification of energy savings and utility costs
- Cost allocation to departments or tenants
- Internet based supervisory control outputs

The system combines the flexibility of choosing LAN, modem or cellular communication paths with the lowest total installed cost for logging building data such as:

- Electrical, gas and water usage and costs
- Indoor and outdoor temperatures
- Pressure, humidity, CO2
- Industry standard pulse or analog inputs

AcquiSuiteTM brings "plug and play" capability to the data acquisition market, dramatically reducing the time and training required to put a typical building on line. In most applications, the installation can be done by the building engineer or contractor in less than 2 hours. The system automatically detects and configures Modbus devices in just seconds reducing installation time and costs.

Applications

- Demand response program control and reporting
- Cost allocation to tenants and third parties
- Measurement & verification of energy savings
- Data center branch circuit monitoring
- Monitoring performance of building systems (e.g., chillers, boilers, fans)

Easy installation saves time and money

- Simple "plug and play" connectivity to standard Modbus meters minimizes installation time and costs
- "Flex" I/O inputs provide easy connections for analog, pulse and resistance sensors
- Integrated relay outputs allow supervisory control from any location for load shedding or local generation
- Integrated web server provides setup and configuration using any industry standard web browser (i.e., NetscapeTM or Internet ExplorerTM)

AcquiSuite Framework lets users add Modbus devices

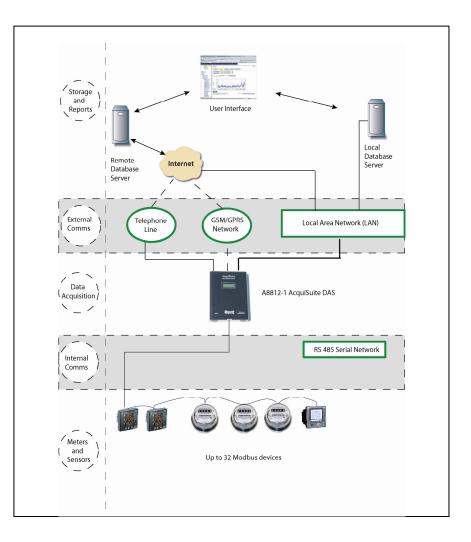
- Allows users a simple means to add Modbus devices not supported by AcquiSuite plug and play drivers
- Driver templates can be stored and shared with multiple AcquiSuites
- Simple web-based interface makes the process easy

Internet display of key building parameters

- Buildingmanageronline.comTM allows authorized users to see building performance data in an easy to use graphical format
- BMO site provides storage, display and downloads of historical data in a secure SQL database
- Users can be notified of alarm conditions in any or all monitored points
- Open protocols provide connectivity to any energy management or building automation software

Flexible communications and wireless connectivity

- All data is stored at the site in nonvolatile memory, insuring protection of valuable information in the event of power loss
- Optional on-board ModHopper (R9120-x) for wireless RS 485 communications (consult factory)
- A8812-1 provides two communication options: Local Area Network (LAN) or phone line
- A8812-GSM replaces the standard phone modem with a GSM/GPRS modem for cellular data transfer



SPECIFICATIONS

| Processor | Main processor: ARM 9 ; I/O co-processor: ARM 7 | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Operating System | Linux 2.6 | | | |
| Flash ROM | 16 MB NOR Flash (expandable with USB memory device) | | | |
| Memory | 32 MB RAM | | | |
| LED | 8x pulse input, 4 modem activity, Modbus TX/RX, power status | | | |
| Console | 2 x 16 LCD character, two buttons | | | |
| LAN | 10/100, Auto crossover detection | | | |
| Modem (phone) | V.34 bis, 33,600 bps (Part number A8812-1) | | | |
| Modem (cellular) | GSM/GPRS Class10, 85 kbps (Part number A8812-GSM) | | | |
| Protocols | Modbus/RTU, Modbus/TCP, TCP/IP, PPP, HTTP/HTML, FTP, SNMP, SMTP, XML | | | |
| Power Supply | 24 VDC, included | | | |
| Serial Port | RS-485 Modbus | | | |
| Approvals | CE; FCC Part 15, Class A | | | |
| USB port | USB memory expansion port | | | |
| Power Requirement | 110-120VAC | | | |
| Interval recording | User selectable 1-60 minutes. Default 15 minute interval. | | | |
| Outputs | 2x, Dry contact 30 VDC, 150 mA max | | | |
| Inputs | 8x, user selectable: | | | |
| | • 0-10 V - Min/Max/Ave/Instantaneous | | | |
| | • 4-20 mA - Min/Max/Ave/Instantaneous | | | |

•

•

- Pulse- Consumption, Rate Resistance Min/Max/Ave/Instantaneous •
 - Runtime, Status Runtime

Enhanced Power and Energy Meter

Versatile Energy Monitoring Solution

APPLICATIONS

- Energy monitoring in building automation systems
- Renewable energy
- Energy management
- Commercial submetering
- Industrial monitoring
- Cost allocation

FEATURES

All Models: A compact solution for panelboard monitoring

- DIN rail mounting option...easy installation
- ANSI 12.20 0.5% accuracy, IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5S...great for cost allocation
- Real energy output and phase loss alarm output on E50Bx and E5xCx models...one device serves multiple applications
- 90-600 VAC...application versatility with fewer models to stock
- Bright backlit LCD...easy visibility in dark enclosures
- Data logging capability (E5xC3 and E50H5)...safeguard during power failures
- Compatible with CTs from 5A to 32000A...wide range of service types
- User-enabled password protection...protect from tampering
- System integration via Modbus (E5xCx) or BACnet MS/TP (E50H5)...convenient compatibility with existing systems
- Native BACnet MS/TP support with serial rates up to 115.2 kbaud (E50H5)
- *E51 Models: An essential solution for Solar and other renewable energy applications*
- Bi-directional metering (4-quadrant)...allows net metering
- Data logging capability (E51C3)...ensures long term data retrieval
- CSI approved
- Includes SunSpec compliant common and meter register blocks

SPECIFICATIONS

Inputs:

| inputs. | |
|--|---|
| Control Power, AC | 50/60 Hz; 5VA max.; 90V min.; UL Maximums: 600V LL (347V LN); CE Maximums: 300V LN (520V LL) |
| Control Power, DC | 3W max.; UL and CE: 125 to 300VDC (external DC current limiting required) |
| Voltage Input | UL: 90 V _{L-1} to 600 V _{L-1} ; CE: 90 V _{L-1} to 300 V _{L-1} |
| Current Input | |
| Scaling | 5 A to 32,000 A |
| Input Range | 0 to 0.333 V or 0 to 1 V (selectable) |
| Pulse Inputs (E50H5 only) | Two sets of contact inputs to pulse accumulators |
| Accuracy: | |
| Real Power and Energy | 0.5% (ANSI C12.20, IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5S) |
| Outputs: | |
| All Models (except E50H5) | Real Energy Pulse: N.O. static; Alarm contacts: N.C. static |
| E50Bx | Reactive energy pulse 30 VAC/DC |
| E5xCx | RS-485 2-wire Modbus RTU (1200 baud to 38.4 kbaud) |
| E50H5 | RS-485 2-wire BACnet MS/TP (9600 baud to 115.2 kbaud) |
| Mechanical: | |
| Mounting | DIN Rail or 3-point screw mount |
| Environmental: | |
| Operating Temperature Range | -30° to 70°C (-22° to 158°F) |
| Storage Temperature Range | -40° to 85°C (-40° to 185°F) |
| Humidity Range | <95% RH noncondensing |
| UL listed, CE, California CSI Solar, ANSI C12.20 | |



DESCRIPTION

The **E5x Series** DIN Rail Meter combines exceptional performance and easy installation to deliver a cost-effective solution for power monitoring applications. The E5x can be installed on standard DIN rail or surface mounted as needed. Pulse output and phase alarms provide additional versatility. The Modbus and BACnet output options offer added flexibility for system integration. The data logging capability (E5xC3 and E50H5) protects data in the event of a power failure. Modbus, pulse output, and phase alarms are all provided to suit a wide variety of applications.

Additional pulse inputs on E50H5 provide an easy way to incorporate simple flow sensors to track gas, water, steam, or other energy forms using a BACnet system in addition to full monitoring of electrical energy.

The E51 models add a bi-directional monitoring feature designed expressly for renewable energy applications, allowing measurement of power imported from the utility grid as well as power exported from the renewable energy source (e.g. solar panels). In this way, a facility administrator track all energy data, ensuring accuracy in billing and crediting.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Measurement Capability - Full Data Set

Power Factor: 3-phase average and per phase

(kW), Reactive (kVAR), and Apparent (kVA)

Current: (3-phase average and per phase)

Power (3-phase total and per phase) - Real (kW), Reactive

Present Power Demand - Real (kW), Reactive (kVAR), and

Import and Export totals of Present Power Demand - Real

Peak Power Demand - Real (kW), Reactive (kVAR), and

Voltage - Line-Line and Line-Neutral: (3-phase average and

Accumulated Energy - Real (kWh), Reactive (kVARh), and

Import and Export Accumulators of Real and Apparent

Demand Interval Configuration: Fixed or Rolling Block

Demand Interval Configuration: External Sync to Comms

Data Logging (store up to 60 days at 15-minute interval): Data Logging - 10 16-Bit Configurable (can include Date/

Data Logging - 3 Timestamped 32-Bit Configurable Data

Reactive Energy Accumulators by Quadrant (3-phase total

Bi-directional Energy Measurements

(kVAR), and Apparent (kVA)

Apparent (kVA)

Apparent (kVA)

per phase)

Apparent (kVAh)

and per phase)

Time) Data Buffers

Alarm Output (N.C.)

1 Pulse Output (N.O.)

2 Pulse Outputs (N.O.)

RS-485 Serial (Modbus RTU Protocol)

RS-485 Serial (BACnet MS/TP Protocol)

2 Pulse Contact Accumulator Inputs

Buffers

Outputs:

Inputs:

Configurable Demand Subinterval

Frequency

Energy

CE

SunSpec

E51 only

E50B1 E50C2

• | • | • | • | • | •

 \bullet | \bullet | \bullet | \bullet | \bullet | \bullet | \bullet

• | • | • | • | • | •

UL US

E51 only

E51C2

• •

E51C3

• •

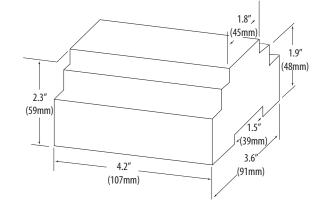
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E50H5

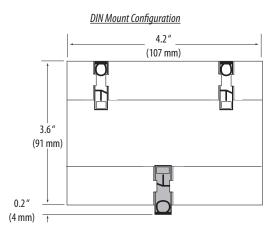
E50C3

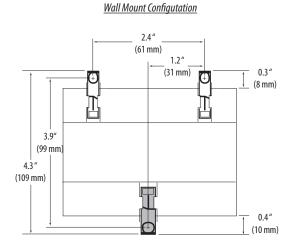
DIMENSIONAL DRAWING





MOUNTING DIAGRAMS





ACCESSORIES

NEMA4 enclosure (AE010) with locking mechanism (AE011) (pictured) Fuse Kits with hi-interrupt capability AC Fuses (AH02, AH03, AH04) Split-core and solid-core CTs (H681x, UCT, SCT) Replacement mounting clips (AE004) DIN Rail (AV01) DIN Rail Stop Clips (AV02) Terminating Resistor (AH22)



800.354.8556

+1 503.598.4564

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Enercept[®] Networked Power Transducers (Modbus[®] RTU)

Integral Monitoring Solution Eliminates The Need For Separate Enclosures

APPLICATIONS

- Energy managing & performance contracting
- Monitoring for commercial tenants
- Activity-based costing in commercial and industrial facilities
- Real-time power monitoring

FEATURES

The world's most cost-effective power transducer

- Monitor energy parameters (kW, kWh, kVAR, PF, Amps, Volts) at up to 63 locations on a single RS-485 network...greatly reduces wiring time and cost
- Fast split-core installation eliminates the need to remove conductors...saves time and labor
- Precision electronics and current transformers in a single package...reduces the number of installed components...huge labor savings
- Smart electronics eliminate CT orientation concerns...fast trouble-free installation

High accuracy

±1% total system accuracy, (10% to 100% of CT rating)



DESCRIPTION

The **Enercept H8035/8036** are innovative three-phase networked (Modbus RTU) power transducers that combine measurement electronics and high accuracy industrial grade CTs in a single package. The need for external electrical enclosures is eliminated, greatly reducing installation time and cost.

There are two application-specific platforms to choose from. The Basic Enercept energy transducers (H8035) are ideal for applications where only kW and kWh are required. The Enercept Enhanced power transducers (H8036) output 26 variables including kW, kWh, volts, amps, and power factor, making them ideal for monitoring and diagnostics.

Color-coordination between voltage leads and CTs makes phase matching easy. Additionally, the Enercept automatically detects and compensates for phase reversal, eliminating the concern of CT load orientation. Up to 63 Enercepts can be daisychained on a single RS-485 network.

SPECIFICATIONS

Inputs:

| Voltage Input | 208 to 480VAC, 50/60 Hz RMS †(††) |
|------------------------------|--|
| Current Input | Up to 2400A continuous per phase † |
| Accuracy: System Accuracy | \pm 1% of reading from 10% to 100% of the rated current of the CTs, accomplished by matching the CTs with electronics and calibrating them as a system |
| Outputs: | |
| Туре | Modbus RTU**(*) |
| Baud Rate | 9600, 8N1 format |
| Connection | RS-485, 2-wire + shield |

Environmental:

| 0° to 60°C (32° F to 140°F), 50°C (122°F) for 2400A |
|---|
| 0 - 95% non-condensing |
| |

UL, approved for California CSI Solar applications (check the CSI Solar website for model numbers)

** Detailed protocol specifications are available at: http://www.veris.com/modbus

* Other protocols available. Please consult factory.

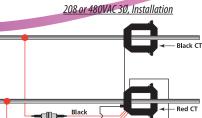
† Contact factory to interface for voltages above 480VAC or current above 2400 Amps.

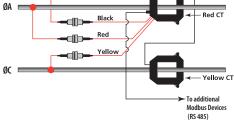
t⁺ Do not apply 600V Class current transformers to circuits having a phase-to-phase voltage greater than 600V, unless adequate additional insulation is applied between the primary conductor and the current transformers. Veris assumes no responsibility for damage of equipment or personal injury caused by products operated on circuits above their published ratings.

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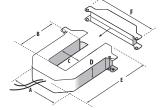
APPLICATION/WIRING EXAMPLES

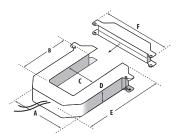


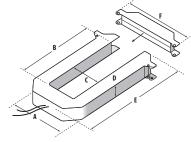


DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

ØB







ORDERING INFORMATION

Modbus Basic Power Transducers*

| MODEL | MAX. AMPS | CT SIZE |
|--------------|-----------|---------|
| H8035-0100-2 | 100 | SMALL |
| H8035-0300-2 | 300 | SMALL |
| H8035-0400-3 | 400 | MEDIUM |
| H8035-0800-3 | 800 | MEDIUM |
| H8035-0800-4 | 800 | LARGE |
| H8035-1600-4 | 1600 | LARGE |
| H8035-2400-4 | 2400 | LARGE |

*H8035 models work with H8920-5 LON nodes

ACCESSORIES

CT Mounting brackets (AH06) H8920 Series LON nodes

| SMALL 100/300 Amp | | | |
|----------------------|------|----------|--|
| A = | 3.8" | (96 mm) | |
| B = | 1.2" | (30 mm) | |
| C = | 1.3" | (31 mm) | |
| D = | 1.2" | (30 mm) | |
| E = | 4.0" | (100 mm) | |
| F = | 4.8" | (121 mm) | |

| MEDIUM 400/800 Amp | | | |
|-----------------------|------|----------|--|
| A = | 4.9" | (125 mm) | |
| B = | 2.9" | (73 mm) | |
| C = | 2.5" | (62 mm) | |
| D = | 1.2" | (30 mm) | |
| E = | 5.2" | (132 mm) | |
| F = | 5.9" | (151 mm) | |

| LARGE 800/1600/2400 Amp | | | |
|----------------------------|------|----------|--|
| A = | 4.9" | (125 mm) | |
| B = | 5.5" | (139 mm) | |
| C = | 2.5" | (62 mm) | |
| D = | 1.2" | (30 mm) | |
| E = | 7.9" | (201 mm) | |
| F = | 6.0" | (151 mm) | |

E212445

240VAC 1Ø, 3-Wire Installation Black CT 120 ØB Black Red CT Red đþ 120 ØA 🗉 Yellow CT el C

DATA OUTPUTS

<u>H8035</u> kWh kW

H8036

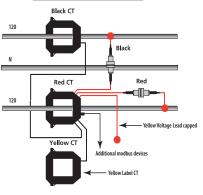
kWh, Consumption kW, Real Power kVAR, Reactive Power kVA, Apparent Power **Power Factor** Average Real Power **Minimum Real Power** Maximum Real Power Voltage, L-L Voltage, L-N* Amps, Average Current kW, Real Power ØA* kW, Real Power ØB* kW, Real Power ØC*

* Based on derived neutral voltage.

Modbus Enhanced Data Stream Power Transducers*

| MODEL | MAX. AMPS | CT SIZE |
|--------------|-----------|---------|
| H8036-0100-2 | 100 | SMALL |
| H8036-0300-2 | 300 | SMALL |
| H8036-0400-3 | 400 | MEDIUM |
| H8036-0800-3 | 800 | MEDIUM |
| H8036-0800-4 | 800 | LARGE |
| H8036-1600-4 | 1600 | LARGE |
| H8036-2400-4 | 2400 | LARGE |

*H8036 models work with H8920-1 LON nodes



TI SERIES

Immersion Temperature Sensors

Steel Probe

DESCRIPTION

These immersion probe type temperature sensors are both highly accurate and cost effective. Installation could not be easier. The sensor is encased in a corrosionresistant stainless steel probe for durability, with a choice of service entry body, indoor junction box, or threaded enclosures. A variety of RTD or thermistor sensor options and probe lengths are available for maximum application versatility.

APPLICATIONS

- Tanks
- Pipes
- Chillers

| Class | | Pt | RTD | | | | | | THE | RMISTO | R | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Туре | | 100 0hm | 1000 Ohm | 2.2k | 3k | 10k Type 2 | 10k Type 3 | 10k Dale | 10k 3A221 | 10k "G" US | 20k | 20k "D" | 100k | 10k Type 2 | 10k Type 3 |
| Accuracy | 1 | ±0.3°C | ±0.3°C | ±0.2°C | ±0.2°C | ±1.0°C | ±0.2°C | ±0.2°C | ±1.1℃ | ±0.2°C | Consult | Consult | Consult | ±0.1°C 20/70°C | ±0.1°C |
| | | 0.0385 curve | 0.0385 curve | 0/70°C | 0/70°C | -50/150°C | 0/70°C | -20/70°C | 0/70°C | 0/70°C | Factory | Factory | Factory | ±0.2°C 0/20°C | 0/70°C |
| Temp. Re | esponse* | PTC | PTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC | NTC |
| *PTC: Positiv | ve Temperatur | e Coefficient | | | | | | | | | | | | High Ac | curacy |
| | tive Temperatu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | STAN | DARD RT | D AND T | HERMIS | TOR VAL | UES (Ohi | ns Ω) | | | | |
| °C | °F | 100 0hm | 1000 Ohm | 2.2k | 3k | 10k Type 2 | 10k Type 3 | 10k Dale | 10k 3A221 | 10k "G" US | 20k NTC | 20k "D" | 100k | 10k Type 2 | 10k Type 3 |
| -50 | -58 | 80.306 | 803.06 | 154,464 | 205,800 | 692,700 | 454,910 | 672,300 | - | 441,200 | 1,267,600 | - | - | 692,700 | 454,910 |
| -40 | -40 | 84.271 | 842.71 | 77,081 | 102,690 | 344,700 | 245,089 | 337,200 | 333,562 | 239,700 | 643,800 | 803,200 | 3,366,000 | 344,700 | 245,089 |
| -30 | -22 | 88.222 | 882.22 | 40,330 | 53,730 | 180,100 | 137,307 | 177,200 | 176,081 | 135,300 | 342,000 | 412,800 | 1,770,000 | 180,100 | 137,307 |
| -20 | -4 | 92.160 | 921.60 | 22,032 | 29,346 | 98,320 | 79,729 | 97,130 | 96,807 | 78,910 | 189,080 | 220,600 | 971,200 | 98,320 | 79,729 |
| -10 | 14 | 96.086 | 960.86 | 12,519 | 16,674 | 55,790 | 47,843 | 55,340 | 55,252 | 47,540 | 108,380 | 122,400 | 553,400 | 55,790 | 47,843 |
| 0 | 32 | 100.000 | 1000.00 | 7,373 | 9,822 | 32,770 | 29,588 | 32,660 | 32,639 | 29,490 | 64,160 | 70,200 | 326,600 | 32,770 | 29,588 |
| 10 | 50 | 103.903 | 1039.03 | 4,487 | 5,976 | 19,930 | 18,813 | 19,900 | 19,901 | 18,780 | 39,440 | 41,600 | 199,000 | 19,930 | 18,813 |
| 20 | 68 | 107.794 | 1077.94 | 2,814 | 3,750 | 12,500 | 12,272 | 12,490 | 12,493 | 12,260 | 24,920 | 25,340 | 124,900 | 12,500 | 12,272 |
| 25 | 77 | 109.735 | 1097.35 | 2,252 | 3,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 100,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| 30 | 86 | 111.673 | 1116.73 | 1,814 | 2,417 | 8,055 | 8,195 | 8,056 | 8,055 | 8,194 | 16,144 | 15,884 | 80,580 | 8,055 | 8,195 |
| 40 | 104 | 115.541 | 1155.41 | 1,199 | 1,598 | 5,323 | 5,593 | 5,326 | 5,324 | 5,592 | 10,696 | 10,210 | 53,260 | 5,323 | 5,593 |
| 50 | 122 | 119.397 | 1193.97 | 811.5 | 1,081 | 3,599 | 3,894 | 3,602 | 3,600 | 3,893 | 7,234 | 6,718 | 36,020 | 3,599 | 3,894 |
| 60 | 140 | 123.242 | 1232.42 | 561.0 | 747 | 2,486 | 2,763 | 2,489 | 2,486 | 2,760 | 4,992 | 4,518 | 24,880 | 2,486 | 2,763 |
| 70 | 158 | 127.075 | 1270.75 | 395.5 | 527 | 1,753 | 1,994 | 1,753 | 1,751 | 1,990 | 3,512 | 3,100 | 17,510 | 1,753 | 1,994 |
| 80 | 176 | 130.897 | 1308.97 | 284.0 | 378 | 1,258 | 1,462 | 1,258 | 1,255 | 1,458 | 2,516 | 2,168 | 12,560 | 1,258 | 1,462 |
| 90 | 194 | 134.707 | 1347.07 | 207.4 | - | 919 | 1,088 | 917 | 915 | 1,084 | 1,833 | 1,542 | 9,164 | 919 | 1,088 |
| 100 | 212 | 138.506 | 1385.06 | 153.8 | | 682 | 821 | 679 | 678 | 816.8 | 1,356 | 1,134 | 6,792 | 682 | 821 |
| 110 | 230 | 142.293 | 1422.93 | 115.8 | - | 513 | 628 | 511 | 509 | 623.6 | 1,016 | 816 | 5,108 | 513 | 628 |
| 120 | 248 | 146.068 | 1460.68 | 88.3 | - | 392 | 486 | 389 | 388 | 481.8 | 770 | 606 | 3,894 | 392 | 486 |
| 130 | 266 | 149.832 | 1498.32 | 68.3 | - | 303 | 380 | 301 | 299 | 376.4 | 591 | 456 | 3,006 | 303 | 380 |
| Senso | r Codes | В | C | E | F | D | Н | J | s | R | м | U | Т | W | Y |

To compute Linitemp Temperature:

2-Wire version $(1\mu A/°C)$ µA reading - 273.15=Temperature in °C 3-Wire version (10mV/°C) mV reading/10 - 273.15 = Temperature in $^{\circ}$ C

SPECIFICATIONS



| Warranty | |
|------------------------|--|
| Wiring | 22 AWG; 2-wire: RTD Thermistor, 4-20mA; 3-wire: Voltage output models |
| Probe | Stainless Steel |
| Test Pressure | 200 psi |
| Linitemp: | |
| Input Power | 5 to 30VDC |
| Output | 1µA/°C or 10mV/°C |
| Operating Temperature | -25° to 105°C (-13° to 221°F) |
| Resistive: | |
| RTD/Thermistor | See table, above |
| Accuracy: | |
| Calibration Error | 1.5°C (2.7°F) typical; 2.5°C (4.5°F) max. at 25°C (77°F)* |
| Error over Temperature | 1.8°C (3.24°F) typical; 3.0°C (5.4°F) max. over 0° to 70°C (32° to 158°F) range; |



FEATURES

- Cost-effective high accuracy thermistors/RTDs
- Corrosion resistant stainless steel probe design...durable
- 1/2" NPT threads standard...ease of selection
- Variety of enclosures include duct mount, service entry body, threaded, and water resistant to fit your application
- Thermowells available...enables easy servicing

*Room temperature error documented on each unit.

2.0°C (3.6°F) typical, 3.5°C (6.3°F) max. over -25° to 105°C (-13° to 221°F) range

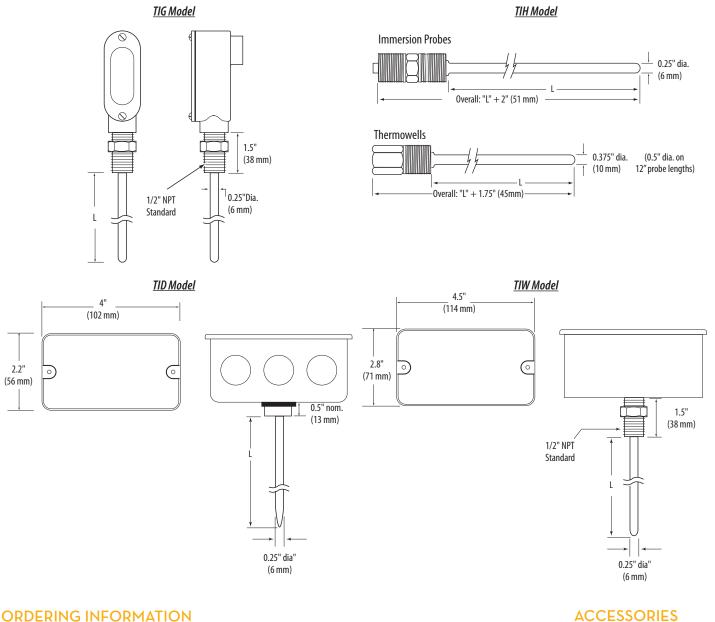


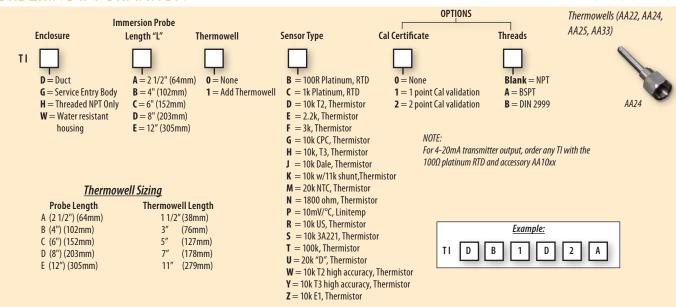
VERIS INDUSTRIES

DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

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Series 380 Impeller 380CS/HS

OVERVIEW

The Badger Meter Series 380 Btu Systems provide a low cost system for metering cold or hot systems. The 380CS/HS can accurately measure flow and temperature differential to compute energy. Utilizing either BACnet or Modbus RS-485 communications protocols or a scaled pulse output, the Btu Meter can interface with many existing control systems.

The rugged design incorporates an impeller flow sensor and two temperature probes. One temperature probe is conveniently mounted directly in the flow sensor tee. The second temperature probe is placed on either the supply or the return line depending on ease of installation for the application. These minimal connections help simplify installation and save time.

The main advantage of the Series 380 Btu meters is the cost savings over other systems offered on the market today. The integration of flow and temperature sensors provide a single solution for metering. With this system it will be possible to meter energy where it hasn't been cost effective before.

Commissioning of this meter can be completed in the field via a computer connection. Setup includes energy measurement units, measurement method, communication protocol, pulse output control, fluid density, and specific heat parameters.

RS-485 Configuration

All Series 380 Btu meters are equipped with BACnet and Modbus protocols as a standard feature. The protocol of choice can be selected and setup in the field at the users discretion. These common protocols allow for quick and easy commissioning while gaining valuable application data beyond energy total. Information such as Flow Rate, Flow Total, Energy Rate, Energy Total, Temp 1, Temp 2, and Delta T can all be transmitted on the RS-485 connection.

Scaled Pulse Output

If the RS-485 is not required for the application, a simple scaled pulse output is available. This output would represent energy total and can be set in various units of measure. This output is an open drain scaled pulse output that is compatible with a variety of PLCs, counters and also the Badger Meter 350 wireless system. This ensures the unit is easily compatible with most inputs.



MECHANICAL

Mass Less than 13 lbs.

ELECTRICAL

Inpu

| Inputs | | | | |
|--------|----------|----------|-------------|--|
| | Power | 12-35 V | DC | |
| | | 12-28 V/ | AC | |
| | Commu | nication | Modbus RTU | |
| | | | BACnet MSTP | |
| Output | | | | |
| | Scaled F | Pulse | Open drain | |

MATERIALS

Housing Flow Sensor Potting Material Tee Material

Polycarbonate PFFK Polyurethane Brass

0.01 Hz min, to 100 Hz max.

SENSOR BODY SIZES

Tee Sizes 3/4", 1", 1 1/4", 1 1/2", and 2"

ENVIRONMENTAL

| Fluid Temp. | -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) - chilled |
|---------------|---|
| | 40°F to 260°F (4°C to 125°C) - hot |
| Ambient Temp. | -4°F to 149°F (-20°C to 65°C) |

ACCURACY

± 2% of flow rate within flow range ± 0.5% repeatability RTD meets IEC751 Class B

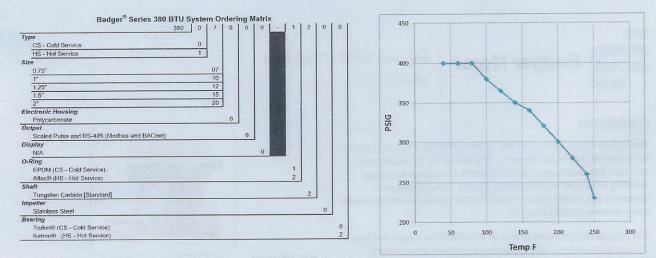
FLOW RANGE

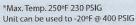
1 - 15ft./sec

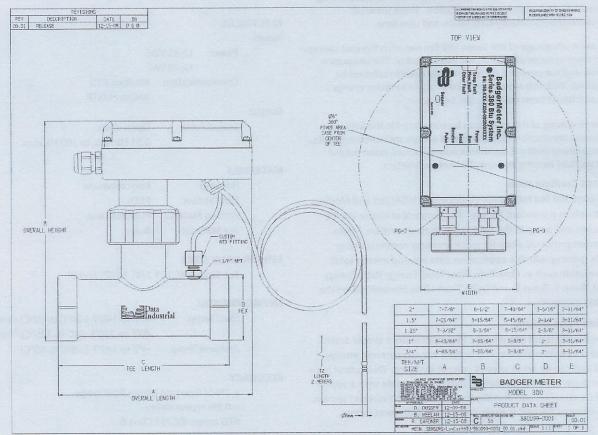
| Diameter (Inches) | 380 Btu | Meter FI (GPM) | ow Range |
|----------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|
| 0.75 | 1.65 | to | 24.69 |
| 1 | 2.70 | to | 40.48 |
| 1.25 | 4.66 | to | 69.93 |
| 1.5 | 6.35 | to | 95.18 |
| 2 | 10.49 | to | 157.34 |

Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe and ASME/ANSI B36.19 Stainless Steel Pipe

echnical Brief







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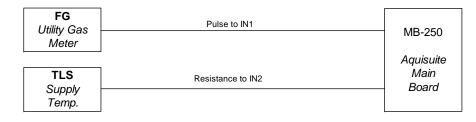
Badger Meter | P.O. Box 245036, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53224-9536 800-876-3837 | infocentral@badgermeter.com | www.badgermeter.com



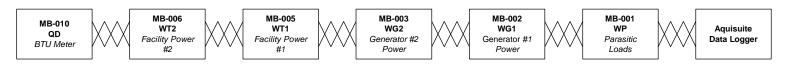
Please see our website at www.badgermeter.com for specific contacts.

APPENDIX B – Data Logger Wiring Diagrams

Main Board Wiring



Modbus 485 Wiring



Aquisuite IP Info

IP Address: 207.38.241.83

Addendum – Chelsea Mercantile

252 7th Avenue New York, New York

Site Contact

Sean Pringle Aegis Energy Services, Inc. 413-536-1156 SPringle@aegisenergyservices.com

Ask for access to boiler room, located in sub basement, at the front desk.

- CDH was on site June 25, 2013 to install and configure the Obvius datalogger, terminate power meter wiring, and terminate BTU meter wiring.
- CDH was on site October 2, 2013 to terminate gas meter wiring and to configure the total facility power meters.
- CDH was on site October 30, 2013 to verify metering.

<u>IP Info</u>

External IP: 206.71.237.148:4081

<u>Summary</u>

Aegis purchased and installed the metering and ran wires while CDH energy purchased and installed the data logger. CDH also terminated meter wiring.

Monitored Data Points

| Data Point | Description | Units | Sensor | Output | Notes |
|------------|--|--------|---|------------|---------------------------------|
| WT1 | Total Facility Power - Service #1 | kW/kWh | Veris E50 C2 with MV Rope CTs | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| WT2 | Total Facility Power - Service #2 | kW/kWh | Veris E50 C2 with MV Rope CTs | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| WG1 | Generator Power - Unit #1 | kW/kWh | Veris H8035-0300-2 | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| WG2 | Generator Power - Unit #2 | kW/kWh | Veris H8035-0300-2 | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| WG | Net Cogen Output (Unit #1 & #2) | kW/kWh | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| WPAR | Parasitic Power | kW/kWh | Veris H8035-0100-2 | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| FG | Generator Gas Use | CF | Utility pulse output from billing meter | Pulse | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| QD | Heat Transfer Dump Radiator | Mbtu | Badger 380 BTU meter | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| TLR1 | Supply Temperature Dump Radiator (Upstream of CT) | deg F | | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| TLR2 | Return Temperature Dump Radiator (Downstream of Rad) o | | bauger 560 BTO meter | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| FL | Flowrate CHP Loop | | | Modbus | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| TLS | Supply Temperature From CHP Units | deg F | Veris TID B1 D0 10k Type II thermisor | OHMs | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| WG | Net Generator Power | kW/kWh | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| QU | Heat Transfer Useful Loads | Mbtu | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |
| QDC | Heat Transfer Dump Radiator - Calculated | Mbtu | - | Calculated | Provided and Installed by Ageis |

Procedure

• Hot water loop flow (FL) was verified using a Portaflow ultrasonic flowmeter, mounted on a straight section of the return piping.

Verification – October 30, 2013

Recovered Heat Loop Flow:

| Portaflow (gpm) | Obvius (gpm) |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 54.4 | 55.9 |

Site Photos



One of two (2) installed cogen units.



Power meters for generator #1 and generator #2 (WG1, WG2)



Total facility power meters (WT1, WT2)



Recovered heat loop BTU meter.



CDH datalogger and enclosure.



Utility provided gas meter and demarcation point.